

SRI SARADA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)

SALEM – 636 016

Reaccredited with ‘B++’ Grade by NAAC

Affiliated to Periyar University



PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

Outcome Based Syllabus

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY

(For the students admitted in 2025 – 26)

SRI SARADA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS), SALEM –16
PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
M.Sc. CHEMISTRY

(For the academic year 2025-2026 Onwards)

Programme	M.Sc. Chemistry
Duration	2 years
Programme Outcomes (POs)	<p>PO1: Disciplinary Knowledge Possess deep and extensive knowledge on the key aspects and advanced concepts in chemistry.</p> <p>PO2: Analytical Reasoning Plan, execute, record, interpret the observations and present the results of the chemical experiments.</p> <p>PO3: Problem solving skills Have relevant knowledge, critical thinking, problem solving skills so as to enable them to face competitive exams and pursue research.</p> <p>PO4: Decision Making Skill Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for decision- making.</p> <p>PO5: Research and Development Have gate way to varied avenues like research laboratories, industries and academic sectors.</p> <p>PO6: Contribution to Society Design and perform interdisciplinary projects to meet the requirements related to the society.</p> <p>PO7: Employability Skill Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment.</p> <p>PO8: Entrepreneurial Skill Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur.</p> <p>PO9: Communication Skill Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills.</p> <p>PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.</p>
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	<p>PSO1 – Placement To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.</p> <p>PSO 2 - Entrepreneur To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will</p>

	<p>facilitate startups and high potential organizations.</p> <p>PSO3 – Research and Development Design and implement novel practices grounded in research that comply with ethics leading to growth and development.</p> <p>PSO4 – Individual and Leadership Skill To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals with team skills in the dynamic world.</p> <p>PSO5 – Contribution to the Society To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.</p>
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SRI SARADA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS), SALEM –16
PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

(For the academic year 2025-2026 Onwards)

Total Credits: 92 + Extra Credits (Maximum- 16)

FIRST SEMESTER

Course	Course Title	Code	Hours per week	Credits
Core Course–I	Organic Reaction Mechanism-I	25PCHCC1	7	5
Core Course –II	Structure and Bonding in Inorganic Compounds	25PCHCC2	7	5
Core Course –III	Organic Chemistry Practical	25PCHCCQ1	6	4
Elective – I	Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology/ Pharmaceutical Chemistry	25PCHDSEC1A/ 25PCHDSEC1B	5	3
Elective –II	Molecular Spectroscopy/ Electrochemistry	25PCHDSEC2A/ 25PCHDSEC2B	5	3
	Total		30	20
Extra Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Value Education •Physical Fitness Practice •Productive Preparation for CSIR – UGC NET/SET/JRF/TRB Competitive examinations – I (25PCHSC1) (Self Study – 1 Extra Credit)	25PCHSC1		
<i>Extra credits are given for extra skills and courses qualified in MOOC/ NPTEL</i>				

SECOND SEMESTER

Course	Course Title	Code	Hours per week	Credits
Core Course–IV	Organic Reaction Mechanism-II	25PCHCC3	5	5
Core Course –V	Physical Chemistry-I	25PCHCC4	5	5
Core Course –VI	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	25PCHCCQ2	6	4
Elective – III	Green Chemistry / Medicinal Chemistry	25PCHDSEC3A/ 25PCHDSEC3B	4	3
Elective –IV	Bioinorganic Chemistry/Material Science	25PCHDSEC4A/ 25PCHDSEC4B	4	3
Extra Disciplinary course-I	Therapeutical Chemistry	25PCHEDC1	4	2
Common subject	Human Rights	25PHRS	2	1
	Total		30	23
Extra Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Value Education •Physical Fitness Practice •Productive Preparation for CSIR –UGC NET/SET/JRF/TRB Competitive examinations– II (25PCHSC2) (Self Study –1 Extra Credit) 	25PCHSC2		
<i>Extra credits are given for extra skills and courses qualified in MOOC/NPTEL</i>				

* Internship/Field visit/ Industrial visit will be carried out during the summer vacation of the first year and 2 credits will be included in the Third Semester Mark Statement.

THIRD SEMESTER

Course	Course Title	Code	Hours per week	Credits
Core Course–VII	Organic Synthesis and Photochemistry	25PCHCC5	6	5
Core Course – VIII	Coordination Chemistry-I	25PCHCC6	6	5
Core Course– IX	Textile and Dye Chemistry (Industry Module)	25PCHCC7	5	4
Core Course-X	Physical Chemistry Practical	25PCHCCQ3	6	5
Elective – V	Biomolecules and Heterocyclic Compounds/Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry	25PCHDSEC5A/ 25PCHDSEC5B	4	3
Extra Disciplinary Course-II	Chemistry in Consumer Products	25PCHEDC2	3	2
	Internship/Industrial Visit-Vacation Activity	25PCHI		2
	Total		30	26
Extra Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value Education • Physical Fitness Practice • Productive Preparation for CSIR –UGC NET/SET/JRF/TRB Competitive examinations– III (25PCHSC3) (Self Study –1 Extra Credit) 	25PCHSC3		
<i>Extra credits are given for extra skills and courses qualified in MOOC/NPTEL</i>				

***Internship/Field visit/ Industrial visit was carried out during the summer vacation of the first year and 2 credits are included in the Third Semester Mark Statement.**

FOURTH SEMESTER

Course	Course Title	Code	Hours per week	Credits
Core Course–XI	Coordination Chemistry – II	25PCHCC8	6	5
Core Course –XII	Physical Chemistry-II	25PCHCC9	6	5
Elective – VI	Analytical Instrumentation Technique Practical (Industry Entrepreneurship)	25PCHDSECQ	4	3
Core Project	Project and Viva voce	25PCHPC	10	7
Professional Competency Skill	Chemistry for Advanced Research Studies Practical	25PCHPCSQ	4	2
Extension Activity	Society Connect Activity	25PSCA	-	1
	Total		30	23
Extra Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value Education • Physical Fitness Practice • Productive Preparation for CSIR –UGC NET/SET/JRF/TRB Competitive examinations– IV (25PCHSC4) (Self Study – 1 Extra Credit) 	25PCHSC4		
<i>Extra credits are given for extra skills and courses qualified in MOOC/ NPTEL 2 extra credits</i>				

Title of the Course	ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM - I						
Paper No.	Core Course-I						
Category	Core	Year	I	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC1
		Semester	I				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	7		-			7	
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of organic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the feasibility and the mechanism of various organic reactions. • To comprehend the techniques in the determination of reaction mechanisms. • To correlate and appreciate the differences involved in the various types of organic reaction mechanisms. • To design feasible synthetic routes for the preparation of organic compounds. • To understand the concept of stereochemistry involved in organic compounds. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Methods of Determination of Reaction Mechanism: Reaction intermediates, The transition state, Reaction coordinate diagrams, Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements of reactions: Hammond postulate. Methods of determining mechanism: non-kinetic methods - product analysis, determination of intermediates-isolation, detection, and trapping. Cross-over experiments, isotopic labelling, isotope effects and stereochemical evidences. Kinetic methods - relation of rate and mechanism. Effect of structure on reactivity: Hammett and Taft equations. Linear free energy relationship, partial rate factor, substituent and reaction constants.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Aromaticity, Aromatic and Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution: Aromaticity in benzenoid, non-benzenoid, heterocyclic compounds and annulenes. Aromatic electrophilic substitution: Orientation and reactivity of di- and polysubstituted phenol, nitrobenzene and halobenzene. Reactions involving nitrogen electrophiles: nitration, nitrosation and diazonium coupling; Sulphur electrophiles: sulphonation; Halogen electrophiles: chlorination and bromination; Carbon electrophiles: Friedel-Crafts alkylation, acylation and arylation reactions. Aliphatic electrophilic substitution Mechanisms: S_N2 and S_N1, S_N1- Mechanism and evidences.</p>						

	<p>UNIT-III: Aromatic and Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution:</p> <p>Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: Mechanisms - S_NAr, S_N1 and Benzyne mechanisms - Evidences - Reactivity, Effect of structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. Reactions: Oxygen and Sulphur-nucleophiles, Bucherer and Rosenmund reactions, von Richter, Sommelet- Hauser and Smiles rearrangements. S_N1, ion pair, S_N2 mechanisms and evidences. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitutions at an allylic carbon, aliphatic trigonal carbon and vinyl carbon. S_N1, S_N2, S_Ni, and S_E1 mechanism and evidences, Swain- Scott, Grunwald-Winstein relationship - Ambident nucleophiles.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: Stereochemistry-I:</p> <p>Introduction to molecular symmetry and chirality – axis, plane, center, alternating axis of symmetry. Optical isomerism due to asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules with C, N, S based chiral centers. Optical purity, prochirality, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups, faces, axial and planar chirality, chirality due to helical shape, methods of determining the configuration. Racemic modifications: Racemization by thermal, anion, cation, reversible formation, epimerization, mutarotation. D, L system, Cram's and Prelog's rules: R, S-notations, proR, proS, side phase and re phase Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules, absolute and relative configurations. Configurations of allenes, spiranes, biphenyls, cyclooctene, helicene, binaphthyls, ansa and cyclophanic compounds, exo-cyclic alkylidene-cycloalkanes. Topicity and prostereoisomerism, chiral shift reagents and chiral solvating reagents. Criteria for optical purity: Resolution of racemic modifications, asymmetric transformations, asymmetric synthesis, destruction. Stereoselective and stereospecific synthesis.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Stereochemistry-II:</p> <p>Conformation and reactivity of acyclic systems, intramolecular rearrangements, neighbouring group participation, chemical consequence of conformational equilibrium - Curtin-Hammett Principle. Stability of five and six-membered rings: mono-, di- and polysubstituted cyclohexanes, conformation and reactivity in cyclohexane systems. Fused and bridged rings: bicyclic, poly cyclic systems, decalins and Brett's rule. Optical rotation and optical rotatory dispersion, conformational asymmetry, ORD curves, octant rule, configuration and conformation, Cotton effect, axial haloketone rule and determination of configuration.</p>
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Extended Professional Component (isa part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. March J and Smith M, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., John-Wiley and Sons, 2001. 2. Gould E S, Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 3. Kalsi P S, Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, 8th Ed., New Age International Publishers, 2015. 4. Bruice P Y, Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. Clayden J, Greeves N, Warren S, Organic Compounds, 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press, 2014.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carey F A and Sundberg R J, Advanced Organic Chemistry Part-A and B, 5th Ed., Kluwer Academic / Plenum Publishers, 2007. 2. Morris D G, Stereochemistry, RSC Tutorial Chemistry Text 1, 2001. 3. Isaacs N S, Physical Organic Chemistry, ELBS, Longman, UK, 1987. 4. Eliel E L, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2000. 5. Finar I L, Organic chemistry, Vol-1 & 2, 6th Ed., Pearson Education Asia, 2004.
Website and learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/

Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to

- CO1:** relate the effect of structure on reactivity, examine the stability of various conformers and correlate them to reactivity.
- CO2:** explain the requirements of reactions, concept of aromaticity, reaction mechanism, factors affecting organic reactions and concepts in stereochemistry.
- CO3:** predict the mechanism, major and minor products of organic reactions with appropriate stereochemistry and regiochemistry.
- CO4:** identify the configuration, prochirality, chirality, topical relationship, the reagents, reactants and design synthetic routes for newer organic compounds.
- CO5:** determine the reaction mechanism, configuration of molecules, stereochemistry of reactions.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	M	S
CO 2	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	M	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	STRUCTURE AND BONDING IN INORGANIC COMPOUNDS						
Paper No.	Core Course- II						
Category	Core	Year	I	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC2
		Semester	I				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	7		-			7	
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of Inorganic Chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To determine the structural features of main group compounds and clusters. To gain fundamental knowledge on ionic crystals. To evaluate the structural aspects of solids. To familiarize various diffraction and microscopic techniques. To study the defects in solids. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Structure of main group compounds and clusters: VB theory – Effect of lone pair and electro negativity of atoms (Bent’s rule) on the geometry of the molecules; Structure of silicates - applications of Paulings rule of electrovalence - isomorphous replacements in silicates – ortho, meta and pyro silicates – one dimensional, two dimensional and three-dimensional silicates. Structure of silicones, Structural and bonding features of B-N, S-N and P-N compounds; Poly acids – types, examples and structures; Borane cluster: Structural features of closo, nido, arachano and klado; carboranes, hetero and metalloboranes; Wade’s rule to predict the structure of borane cluster; main group clusters –zintl ions and mno rule.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Solid state chemistry – I: Ionic crystals: Packing of ions in simple, hexagonal and cubic close packing, voids in crystal lattice, Radius ratio, Crystal systems and Bravis lattices, Symmetry operations in crystals, glide planes and screw axis; point group and space group;Solid state energetics: Lattice energy – Born-Lande equation - Kapustinski equation, Madelung constant.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Solid state chemistry – II: Structural features of the crystal systems: Rock salt, zinc blende & wurtzite, fluorite and anti-fluorite, rutile and anatase, cadmium iodide and nickel arsenide; Spinel -normal and inverse types and perovskite</p>						

	structures. Crystal Growth methods: From melt and solution (hydrothermal, sol-gel methods) – principles and examples.
	UNIT-IV: Techniques in solid state chemistry: X-ray diffraction technique: Bragg's law, Powder diffraction method – Principle and Instrumentation; Interpretation of XRD data – JCPDS files, Phase purity, Scherrer formula, lattice constants calculation; Systematic absence of reflections; Electron diffraction technique – principle, instrumentation and application. Electron microscopy – difference between optical and electron microscopy, theory, principle, instrumentation, sampling methods and applications of SEM and TEM.
	UNIT-V: Band theory and defects in solids Band theory – features and its application of conductors, insulators and semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors; Defects in crystals – point defects (Schottky, Frenkel, metal excess and metal deficient) and their effect on the electrical and optical property, laser and phosphors; Linear defects and its effects due to dislocations.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. West A R, Solid state Chemistry and its applications, 2nd Ed. (Students Edition), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2014. 2. Bhagi A K and Chatwal G R, A textbook of inorganic polymers, Himalaya Publishing House, 2001. 3. Smart L, Moore E, Solid State Chemistry – An Introduction, 4th Ed., CRC Press, 2012. 4. Purcell K F and Kotz J C, Inorganic Chemistry; W B Saunders company: Philadelphia, 1977. 5. Huheey J E, Keiter E A and Keiter R L, Inorganic Chemistry; 4th Ed., Pearson, 2006.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Douglas D E, McDaniel D H and Alexander J J, Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Ed., Wiley, 2006. 2. Tilley R J D, Understanding Solids - The Science of Materials, 2nd Ed., Wiley Publication, 2013. 3. Rao C N R and Gopalakrishnan J, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd Ed., Cambridge University Press, 1997.

	4. Moeller T, Inorganic Chemistry, A Modern Introduction; JohnWiley: New York, 1982 . 5. Shriver D F, Atkins P W and C.H. Langford; Inorganic Chemistry; 5 th Ed., Oxford University Press: London, 2009 .
Website and e-learning source	1. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/3-091-introduction-to-solid-state-chemistry-fall-2018/video_galleries/lecture-videos/

Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: predict the structures of main group compounds and clusters.

CO2: explain about the packing of ions in crystals and apply the radius ratio rule to predict the coordination number of cations.

CO3: analyse the various types of ionic crystal systems and their structural features.

CO4: describe the principles of diffraction techniques and microscopic techniques.

CO5: assess the crystal defects in solids.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	M	S
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	M	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO1	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	13
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Title of the Course	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL							
Paper No.	Core Course III: Core Practical-I							
Category	Core	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	25PCHCCQ1	
		Semester	I					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Practice		Total		
	-	-		6		6		
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of organic chemistry							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the concept of separation, qualitative analysis, quantitative estimation and preparation of organic compounds. To develop analytical skill in the handling of chemical reagents for separation of binary and ternary organic mixtures. To analyze the separated organic components systematically and derivative them suitably. To construct suitable experimental setup for the organic preparations involving two stages. 							
Course Outline	UNIT-I: Separation and analysis: A. Two component mixtures. B. Three component mixtures.							
	UNIT-II: Estimations: a) Estimation of Phenol (bromination) b) Estimation of Aniline (bromination) c) Estimation of Ethyl methyl ketone (iodimetry) d) Estimation of Glucose (redox) e) Estimation of Ascorbic acid (iodimetry) f) Estimation of Aromatic nitro groups (reduction) g) Estimation of Glycine (acidimetry) h) Estimation of Formalin (iodimetry) i) Estimation of Acetyl group in ester (alkalimetry) j) Estimation of Hydroxyl group (acetylation) k) Estimation of Amino group (acetylation)							
	UNIT-III: Two stage preparations: a) <i>p</i> -Bromoacetanilide from aniline b) <i>p</i> -Nitroaniline from acetanilide c) 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene from aniline d) Acetyl salicylic acid from methyl salicylate e) Benzilic acid from benzoin f) <i>m</i> -Nitroaniline from nitrobenzene g) <i>m</i> -Nitrobenzoic acid from methyl benzoate							
Extended Professional Component	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)							
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.							
Recommended Text	1. Gnanaprakasam N S & Ramamurthy G, Organic Chemistry Lab Manual, Viswanathan Printers and Publishers Private Ltd., 2002 . 2. Vishnoi N K, Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2 nd Reprint, 1994 . 3. Furniss B S, Hannaford A J, Smith P W G and Tatchell A R, Vogel's Practical Organic Chemistry. 5 th Ed., ELBS, 1989 .							
Reference Books	1. Pavia D L, Lampman G M, Kris G S, Engel R G, A Micro scale Approach to Organic Laboratory Techniques, 6 th Ed., Cengage							

	Learning, 2016 . 2. Zubrick J W, The Organic Chem Lab Survival Manual A Student's Guide to Techniques, 9 th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2014 . 3. Raj K. Bansal, Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, 5 th Ed., New Age International (P) Ltd., 2009 . 4. Sathish Agarwala & Agarwala R C, Advanced Organic Analysis, 2 nd Revised Ed., Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 1996 .
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences 2. https://virtual.edu.rsc.org/ 3. https://www.olabs.edu.in/ 4. www.vlab.amrita.edu 5. https://www.chemtube3d.com/

Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: recall the basic principles of organic separation, qualitative analysis, quantitative estimation and preparation.

CO2: explain the method of separation and analysis of separated organic mixtures and convert them as derivatives by suitable preparation method.

CO3: determine the characteristics of separation of organic compounds by various chemical reactions.

CO4: develop strategies to separate, analyze and prepare organic compounds.

CO5: formulate a method of separation, analysis of organic mixtures and design suitable procedure for organic preparations.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	NANOMATERIALS AND NANOTECHNOLOGY						
Paper No.	Elective I						
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC1A
		Semester	I				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	4	1	-			5	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of nanotechnology						
Objectives of the course	<p>The course aims at giving an overall view of the</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of nano materials and nano technology. • To understand the various types of nano materials and their properties. • To understand the applications of synthetically important nanomaterials. • To correlate the characteristics of various nano materials synthesized by new technologies. • To design synthetic routes for synthetically used new nano materials. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Introduction of nanomaterials and nanotechnologies: Introduction-role of size, classification-0D, 1D, 2D, 3D. Synthesis- Bottom –Up, Top–Down, consolidation of Nano powders. Features of nanostructures, Background of nanostructures. Techniques of synthesis of nanomaterials, Tools of the nanoscience. Applications of nanomaterials and technologies.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Bonding and structure of the nanomaterials: Predicting the Type of Bonding in a Substance crystal structure. Metallic nanoparticles, Surfaces of Materials, Nanoparticle Size and Properties. Synthesis-Physical and chemical methods - inert gas condensation, arc discharge, laser ablation, sol-gel, solvothermal and hydrothermal-CVD-types, metallo organic, plasma enhanced, and low-pressure CVD. Microwave assisted and electrochemical synthesis.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Mechanical properties of materials: Theories relevant to mechanical properties. Techniques to study mechanical properties of nanomaterials, adhesion and friction, thermal properties of nanomaterials Nanoparticles: gold and silver, metal oxides: silica, iron oxide and alumina – synthesis and properties.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: Electrical properties: Conductivity and Resistivity, Classification of Materials based on Conductivity, magnetic properties, electronic properties of materials. Classification of magnetic phenomena. Semiconductor materials– classification-Ge, Si, GaAs, SiC, GaN, GaP, CdS, PbS. Identification of materials as p and n –type semiconductor-Hall effect - quantum and anomalous, Hall voltage - interpretation of charge carrier density. Applications of semiconductors: p-n junction as transistors and rectifiers, photovoltaic and photogalvanic cell.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Nano thin films, nanocomposites: Application of nanoparticles in different fields. Core- shell nanoparticles - types, synthesis, and properties. Nanocomposites - metal-, ceramic- and polymer-matrix composites-applications. Characterization–SEM, TEM and AFM- principle, instrumentation and applications.</p>						

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pradeep T, A Text book of NanoScience and Nanotechnology, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt., Ltd., 2012. 2. Poole C P, Franck Jr, Owens J, Introduction to nanotechnology, Wiley-Interscience, 1st Ed., 2003. 3. Shah Tokeer Ahmad M A, Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2010. 4. Manasi Karkare, Nanotechnology Fundamentals and Applications, I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2013. 5. Raghavan Y S, Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, Arise Publishers and Distributors, 2010
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Loius Theodore, Robert G Kunz, Nanotechnology: Environmental Implications and Solutions, John Wiley Publications USA, 2005. 2. Mick Wilson, Geoff Smith K K, Michelle Simons, Raguse B, Nanotechnology, Overseas India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 3. Fahrner W R, Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, Springer publishers, 2005. 4. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications, 2007. 5. Mohan S and Arjunan V, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html. 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf.
Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to: CO1: describe methods of fabricating nanostructures. CO2: design the unique properties of nanomaterials to reduce dimensionality of thematerial. CO3: apply tools for understanding the properties of nanostructures. CO4: examine the applications of nanomaterials to real world problems CO5: analyse the health and safety related to nanomaterial.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO 2	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO 3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO 4	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	14	14	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY						
Paper No.	Elective I						
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC1B
	Semester	I					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	4	1	-		5		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge on drugs and doses						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the advanced concepts of pharmaceutical chemistry. To recall the principle and biological functions of various drugs. To train the students to know the importance as well the consequences of various drugs. To have knowledge on the various analysis and techniques. To familiarize on the drug dosage and its structural activities. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Physical properties in Pharmaceuticals: Physical properties of drug molecule: physical properties. Refractive index- Definition, explanation, formula, importance, determination, specific & molar refraction. Optical activity/rotation- monochromatic & polychromatic light, optical activity, angle of rotation, specific rotation examples, measurement of optical activity. Dielectric constant & Induced Polarization- Dielectric constant explanation & determination. Rheology of pharmaceutical systems: Introduction, Definition, Applications, concept of viscosity, Newton's law of flow, Kinematic, Relative, Specific, Reduced & Intrinsic viscosity. Newtonian system, non-Newtonian system- Plastic flow, Pseudoplastic flow, Dilatent flow. Viscosity measurements- selection of viscometer for Newtonian and non-Newtonian system.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Isotopic Dilution analysis: Principle and applications, Neutron activation analysis: Principle, advantages and limitations, Scintillation counters. Body scanning. Introduction to radiopharmaceuticals. Properties of various types of radiopharmaceuticals, Radiopharmaceuticals as diagnostics, as therapeutics, for research and sterilization, Physico Chemical Properties and drug action. Physico chemical properties of drugs (a) Partition coefficient, (b) solubility (c) surface activity, (d) degree of ionization.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Drug dosage and product development: Introduction to drug dosage Forms & Drug Delivery system – Definition of Common terms. Drug Regulation and control, pharmacopoeias formularies, sources of drug, drug nomenclature, routes of administration of drugs products, need for a dosage form, classification of dosage forms. Drug dosage and product development. Introduction to drug dosage Forms & Drug Delivery system – Definition of Common terms. Drug Regulation and control, pharmacopoeias formularies, sources of drug, drug nomenclature, routes of administration of drugs products, need for a dosage form, classification of dosage forms.</p>						

	UNIT-IV: Development of new drugs: Introduction, procedure followed in drug design, the research for lead compounds, molecular modification of lead compounds. Structure- Activity Relationship (SAR): Factors effecting bioactivity, resonance, inductive effect, isoterism, bioisosterism, spatial considerations, biological properties of simple functional groups, theories of drug activity, occupancy theory, rate theory, induced-fit theory, 4.3 Quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR): Development of QSAR, drug receptor interactions, the additivity of group contributions, physico-chemical parameters, lipophilicity parameters, electronic parameter, ionization constants, steric parameters, chelation parameters, redox potential, indicator-variables.
	UNIT-V: Computers in Pharmaceutical Chemistry: Need of computers for chemistry. Computers for Analytical Chemists- Introduction to computers: Organization of computers, CPU, Computer memory, I/O devices, information storage, software components. Application of computers in chemistry: Programming in high level language (C+) to handle various numerical methods in chemistry – least square fit, solution to simultaneous equations, interpolation, extrapolation, data smoothing, and numerical differentiation and integrations.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE / TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bahl and Tuli, Physical Chemistry, 28th Ed., S Chand Publishing, 2022. 2. Subramanyam C V S, Text Book of Physical Pharmaceutics, 2nd Ed., VallabhPrakashan Publishers, 2022. 3. Chatwal G R, Medicinal Chemistry (Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry), Himalaya Publishing house, 2010. 4. Hubert H, Willard, Instrumental method of Analysis, 7th Ed., Wadsworth Publishing Company (Belmont, California), 1988. 5. Jayshree Ghosh, Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, S Chand & company Ltd., 2010. 6. Lakshmi S, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons Publishers, 1988.

Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Raman K V, Computers in chemistry, Tata Mc.Graw-Hill, 1993. 2. Pundir S K, Anshu bansal, Pragate Prakashan A, Computers for Chemists, 2nd Ed., New age international Pvt. Ltd., 2010. 3. Martins, Patrick J Sinko, Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, William and Wilkins Publishers, 2010. 4. Carter S J, Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial Pharmacy, 6th Ed., CBS Publisher Ltd.,2005. 5. Allen Popvich and Ansel, Ansels pharmaceutical Dosage forms and Drug Delivery System, Indian edition-B.I. Publication Pvt. Ltd.,12th Ed., 2022.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK482447/ 2. https://training.seer.cancer.gov/treatment/chemotherapy/types.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To identify the suitable drugs for various diseases.

CO2: To apply the principles of various drug action and drug design.

CO3: To acquire the knowledge on product development based on SAR.

CO4: To apply the knowledge on applications of computers in chemistry.

CO5: To synthesize new drugs after understanding the concepts SAR.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO / PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY							
Paper No.	Elective II							
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC2A	
		Semester	I					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	4	1	-			5		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of spectroscopy							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the influence of rotation and vibrations on the spectra of the polyatomic molecules. To study the principle of Raman spectroscopy, ESR spectroscopy, Mossbauer spectroscopy and fragmentation patterns in Mass spectroscopy. To highlight the significance of Franck-Condon principle to interpret the selection rule, intensity and types of electronic transitions. To interpret the first and second order NMR spectra in terms of splitting and coupling patterns using correlation techniques such as COSY, HETCOR, NOESY. To carry out the structural elucidation of molecules using different spectral techniques. 							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Rotational and Raman Spectroscopy: Rotational spectra of diatomic and polyatomic molecules. Intensities of rotational spectral lines, effect of isotopic substitution. Non-rigid rotators. Classical theory of the Raman effect, polarizability as a tensor, polarizability ellipsoids, quantum theory of the Raman effect, Pure rotational Raman spectra of linear and asymmetric top molecules, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines. Vibrational Raman spectra, Raman activity of vibrations, rule of mutual exclusion, rotational fine structure- O and S branches, Polarization of Raman scattered photons.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Vibrational Spectroscopy: Vibrations of molecules, harmonic and anharmonic oscillators- vibrational energy expression, energy level diagram, vibrational wave functions and their symmetry, selection rules, expression for the energies of spectral lines, computation of intensities, hot bands, effect of isotopic substitution. Diatomic vibrating rotor, vibrational-rotational spectra of diatomic molecules, P, R branches, breakdown of the Born- Oppenheimer approximation. Vibrations of polyatomic molecules – symmetry properties, overtone and combination frequencies. Influence of rotation on vibrational spectra of polyatomic molecule, P, Q, R branches, parallel and perpendicular vibrations of linear and symmetric top molecules.</p>							

	<p>UNIT-III: Electronic Spectroscopy: Electronic spectroscopy of diatomic molecules, Frank-Condon principle, dissociation and predissociation spectra. $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$, $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ transitions and their selection rules. Photoelectron Spectroscopy: Basic principles, photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). Lasers: Laser action, population inversion, properties of laser radiation, examples of simple laser systems.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: NMR and Mass Spectrometry: Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shifts: electronegativity and electrostatic effects; Mechanism of shielding and deshielding. Spin systems: First order and second order coupling of AB systems, Simplification of complex spectra. Spin-spin interactions: Homonuclear coupling interactions - AX, AX₂, AB types. Vicinal, germinal and long-range coupling-spin decoupling. Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), Factors influencing coupling constants and Relative intensities. ¹³C NMR and structural correlations, Satellites. Brief introduction to 2D NMR – COSY, NOESY. Introduction to ³¹P, ¹⁹F NMR. Mass Spectrometry: Ionization techniques- Electron ionization (EI), chemical ionization (CI), desorption ionization (FAB/MALDI), electrospray ionization (ESI), isotope abundance, molecular ion, fragmentation processes of organic molecules, deduction of structure through mass spectral fragmentation, high resolution. Effect of isotopes on the appearance of mass spectrum.</p> <p>UNIT-V: ESR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy: ESR spectroscopy Characteristic features of ESR spectra, line shapes and line widths; ESR spectrometer. The g value and the hyperfine coupling parameter (A), origin of hyperfine interaction. Interpretation of ESR spectra and structure elucidation of organic radicals using ESR spectroscopy; Spin orbit coupling and significance of g-tensors, zero/non-zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, application to transition metal complexes (having one to five unpaired electrons) including biological molecules and inorganic free radicals. ESR spectra of magnetically dilute samples. Structural elucidation of organic compounds by combined spectral techniques. Principle of Mossbauer spectroscopy: Doppler shift, recoil energy. Isomer shift, quadrupole splitting, magnetic interactions. Applications: Mossbauer spectra of high and low-spin Fe and Sn compounds.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>

Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Banwell C N and McCash E M, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000. 2. Silverstein R M and Webster F X, Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds, 6th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2003. 3. Kemp W, Applications of Spectroscopy, English Language Book Society, 1987. 4. Williams D H and Fleming I, Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1988. 5. Drago R S, Physical Methods in Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1992. 6. Pavia D L, Lampman G M, Kriz G S, Vyvyan J A, Introduction to Spectroscopy, 5th Ed., Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2014.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Atkins P W and de Paula J, Physical Chemistry, 7th Ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2002. 2. Levine I N, Molecular Spectroscopy, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1974. 3. Rahman A, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance-Basic Principles, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1986. 4. Nakamoto K, Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and coordination Compounds, Part B: 5th Ed., John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1997. 5. Weil J A, Bolton J R and Wertz J E, Electron Paramagnetic Resonance; Wiley Interscience, 1994.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cy08/preview 2. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/104106122/L14.html

Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: explain the theory and concepts underlying the rotational, vibrational, Raman, electronic, PES, NMR, ESR, Mass, Mossbauer Spectroscopy and Laser.

CO2: apply the vibrational spectroscopic techniques to diatomic and polyatomic molecules.

CO3: evaluate factors affecting and applications of rotational, vibrational, Raman, electronic, PES, NMR, ESR, Mass, Mossbauer Spectroscopy.

CO4: outline the applications and intricacies of NMR, ¹³C NMR, 2D NMR – COSY, NOESY, ³¹P, ¹⁹F and ESR spectroscopic techniques.

CO5: develop the knowledge on principle and structural elucidation of simple molecules using various spectral techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 4	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO 5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	ELECTROCHEMISTRY							
Paper No.	Elective II							
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC2B	
		Semester	I					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	4	1	-			5		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of electrochemistry							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the behavior of electrolytes in terms of conductance, ionic atmosphere, interactions. To familiarize the structure of the electrical double layer of different models. To compare electrodes between current density and over potential. To discuss the mechanism of electrochemical reactions. To highlight the different types of over voltages and its applications in electroanalytical techniques. 							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Ionics: Arrhenius theory -limitations, van't Hoff factor and its relation to colligative properties. Deviation from ideal behavior. Ionic activity, mean ionic activity and mean ionic activity coefficient-concept of ionic strength, Debye Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, activity coefficient of strong electrolytes Determination of activity coefficient in solvent and ion-ion interactions. Born equation. Debye-Huckel Bjerrum model. Derivation of Debye-Huckel limiting law at appreciable concentration of electrolytes modifications and applications. Electrolytic conduction-Debye-Huckel Onsager treatment of strong electrolyte-qualitative and quantitative verification and limitations. Evidence for ionic atmosphere. Ion association and triple ion formations.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Electrode-electrolyte interface: Interfacial phenomena - Evidences for electrical double layer, polarizable and non-polarizable interfaces, Electrocapillary phenomena - Lippmann equation electro capillary curves. Electro-kinetic phenomena electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, streaming and sedimentation potentials, colloidal and poly electrolytes. Structure of double layer: Helmholtz - Perrin, Guoy- Chapman and Stern models of electrical double layer. Zeta potential and potential at zero charge. Applications and limitations.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Electrodics of Elementary Electrode Reactions: Behavior of electrodes: Standard electrodes and electrodes at equilibrium. Anodic and Cathodic currents, condition for the discharge of ions. Nernst equation, polarizable and non-polarizable electrodes. Model of three electrode system, over potential. Rate of electro chemical reactions: Rates of simple elementary reactions. Butler-Volmer equation-significance of exchange current density, net current density and symmetry factor. Low and high field approximations. symmetry factor and transfer coefficient Tafel equations and Tafel plots.</p>							

	<p>UNIT-IV:</p> <p>Electrodics of Multistep Multi Electron System:</p> <p>Rates of multi-step electrode reactions, Butler - Volmer equation for a multi-step reaction. Rate determining step, electrode polarization and depolarization. Transfer coefficients, its significance and determination, Stoichiometric number. Electro-chemical reaction mechanisms-rate expressions, order, and surface coverage. Reduction of I_3^-, Fe^{2+}, and dissolution of Fe to Fe^{2+}. Overvoltage - Chemical and electro chemical, Phase, activation and concentration over potentials. Evolution of oxygen and hydrogen at different pH. Pourbiax and Evan's diagrams.</p>
	<p>UNIT-V:</p> <p>Concentration Polarization, Batteries and Fuel cells:</p> <p>Modes of Transport of electro active species - Diffusion, migration and hydrodynamic modes. Role of supporting electrolytes. Polarography-principle and applications. Principle of square wave polarography. Cyclic voltammetry- anodic and cathodic stripping voltammetry and differential pulse voltammetry. Sodium and lithium-ion batteries and redox flow batteries. Mechanism of charge storage: conversion and alloying. Capacitors- mechanism of energy storage, charging at constant current and constant voltage. Energy production systems: Fuel Cells: classification, alkaline fuel cells, phosphoric acid fuel cells, high temperature fuel cells.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is apart of internal component only,Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Crow D R, Principles and applications of electrochemistry,4th edition, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2014. 2. Rajaram J and Kuriakose J C, Kinetics and Mechanism of chemical transformations Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2011. 3. Glasstone S, Electro chemistry, Affiliated East-West Press, Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 4. Viswanathan B, Sundaram S, Venkataraman R, Rengarajan K and Raghavan P S, Electrochemistry-Principles and applications, S Viswanathan Printers, Chennai, 2007. 5. Joseph Wang, Analytical Electrochemistry, 2nd Ed., Wiley, 2004.

Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bockris J O M and Reddy A K N, Modern Electro chemistry, vol.1 and 2B, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 2. Bockris J O M, Reddy A K N and Aldeco M G, Modern Electro chemistry, vol. 2A, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 3. Rieger Philip H, Electrochemistry, 2nd Ed., Springer, New York, 2010. 4. Antropov L I, Theoretical electrochemistry, Mir Publishers, 1977. 5. Kapoor K L, A Text book of Physical chemistry, volume-3, Macmillan, 2001.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/modern-electrochemistry-e34333229 .
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: CO1: To understand the behaviour of electrolytes in solution and compare the structures of electrical double layer of different models. CO2: To predict the kinetics of electrode reactions applying Butler-Volmer and Tafel equations. CO3: To study different thermodynamic mechanism of corrosion. CO4: To discuss the theories of electrolytes, electrical double layer, electrodicts and activity coefficient of electrolytes. CO5: To have knowledge on storage devices and electrochemical reaction mechanism.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM-II						
Paper No.	Core Course-IV						
Category	Core	Year	I	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC3
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	4	1	-			5	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of organic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To impart knowledge about elimination, addition and rearrangement reactions. To understand the mechanism involved in various types of organic reactions with evidences. To understand the applications of synthetically important reagents and apply in organic synthesis. To design synthetic routes for synthetically useful organic reactions 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: 15 Hours Elimination and Free Radical Reactions and Mechanisms: E2, E1, and E1cB mechanisms. Syn- and anti-eliminations. Orientation of the double bond: Hoffmann and Saytzeff rules. Reactivity: Effect of substrate, attacking bases, leaving group and medium. Stereochemistry of eliminations in acyclic and cyclic systems, pyrolytic elimination. Long lived and short-lived radicals – Production of radicals by thermal and photochemical reactions, Detection and stability of radicals, characteristics of free radical reactions and free radical, Reactions of radicals, polymerization, addition, halogenations, aromatic substitutions, rearrangements. Reactivity: Reactivity on aliphatic, aromatic substrates, reactivity in the attacking radical, effect of solvent.</p> <p>UNIT-II: 15 Hours Oxidation and Reduction Reactions and Mechanisms: Direct electron transfer, hydride transfer, hydrogen transfer, displacement, addition-elimination, oxidative and reductive coupling reactions. Mechanism of oxidation reactions: Dehydrogenation by quinones, selenium dioxides, ferricyanide, mercuric acetate lead tetraacetate, permanganate, manganese dioxide, osmium tetroxide, oxidation of saturated hydrocarbons, alkyl groups, alcohols, halides and amines. Reactions involving cleavage of C-C bonds - cleavage of double bonds, oxidative decarboxylation, allylic oxidation, oxidation by chromium trioxide-pyridine, DMSO-Oxalyl chloride (Swern oxidation) and Corey-Kim oxidation, dimethyl sulphoxide- dicyclohexyl carbodiimide (DMSO-DCCD). Mechanism of reduction reactions: Wolff-Kishner, Clemmenson, Rosenmund, reduction with Trialkyl and triphenyltin hydrides, McFadyen-Steven's reduction, Homogeneous hydrogenation, Hydroboration with cyclic systems, MPV and Bouveault-Blanc reduction.</p>						

	<p>UNIT-III: 15 Hours</p> <p>Rearrangements:</p> <p>Rearrangements to electron deficient carbon: Pinacol-pinacolone and semi-pinacolone rearrangements -applications and stereochemistry, Wagner-Meerwein, Demjanov, Dienone-phenol, Baker-Venkataraman, Benzilic acid and Wolff rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron deficient nitrogen: Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt, Lossen, Beckmann and abnormal Beckmann rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron deficient oxygen: Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and Dakin rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron rich atom: Favorskii, Quasi-Favorskii, Stevens, [1,2]-Wittig and [2,3]-Wittig rearrangements. Fries and Photo Fries rearrangement. Intramolecular rearrangements – Claisen, abnormal Claisen, Cope, oxy-Cope Benzidine rearrangements.</p>
	<p>UNIT-IV: 15 Hours</p> <p>Addition to Carbon Multiple Bonds and Mechanisms:</p> <p>(a) Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds- Addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles, free radicals, carbenes and cyclic mechanisms-Orientation and reactivity, hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, Michael reaction, addition of oxygen and Nitrogen; (b) Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bonds: Mannich reaction, acids, esters, nitrites, addition of Grignard reagents, Wittig reaction, Prins reaction. Stereochemical aspects of addition reactions. Addition to Carbon-Hetero atom Multiple bonds: Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates –Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.</p>
	<p>UNIT-V: 15 Hours</p> <p>Reagents and Modern Synthetic Reactions:</p> <p>Lithium diisopropylamine (LDA), Azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN), Sodium cyanoborohydride (NaBH_3CN), <i>meta</i>-Chloroperbenzoic acid (m-CPBA), Dimethyl aminopyridine (DMAP), $n\text{-Bu}_3\text{SnD}$, Triethylamine (TEA), Diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), Diisopropylazodicarboxylate (DIAD), Diethylazodicarboxylate (DEAD), <i>N</i>-bromosuccinimide (NBS), Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), Tetramethyl piperidin-1-oxyl (TEMPO), Phenyltrimethylammonium tribromide (PTAB). Diazomethane and Zn-Cu, Diethyl maleate (DEM), Copper diacetylacetonate ($\text{Cu}(\text{acac})_2$), TiCl_3, NaIO_4, Pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC), Pyridinium dichromate (PDC), Meisenheimer complex. Suzuki coupling, Heck reaction, Negishi reaction, Baylis-Hillman reaction.</p>

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. March J and Smith M, <i>Advanced Organic Chemistry</i>, 5th Ed., John-Wiley and Sons, 2001. 2. Gould E S, <i>Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry</i>, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 3. Kalsi P S, <i>Stereochemistry of carbon compounds</i>, 8th Ed., New Age International Publishers, 2015. 4. Bruice P Y, <i>Organic Chemistry</i>, 7th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. Morrison R T, Boyd R N, Bhattacharjee S K, <i>Organic Chemistry</i>, 7th Ed., Pearson Education, 2010.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pine S H, <i>Organic Chemistry</i>, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill International Edition, 1987. 2. Fieser L F and Fieser M, <i>Organic Chemistry</i>, Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 2000. 3. Gould E S, <i>Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry</i>, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 4. Gilchrist T L, <i>Heterocyclic Chemistry</i>, Longman Press, 1989. 5. Joule J A and Mills K, <i>Heterocyclic Chemistry</i>, 4th Ed., John-Wiley, 2010.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://sites.google.com/site/chemistrybookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/
Course Outcomes (for Mapping with Pos and PSOs) Students will be able to CO1: discuss the concepts, factors affecting various reactions and orientation in organic reactions CO2: explain the mechanism of various types of organic reactions. CO3: make use of appropriate reagents in organic synthesis and predict the stereochemistry and regiochemistry of products CO4: predict the products of the reactions and suggest suitable reagents for the transformation of organic compounds. CO5: design synthetic route for unknown molecules using elimination, addition, molecular rearrangement, oxidation and reduction reactions	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S

S– Strong, M –Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO/PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3– Strong

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	<p>of irreversible thermodynamics to biological systems.</p> <p>UNIT – IV 15 Hours Kinetics of Reactions: Theories of reactions-effect of temperature on reaction rates, collision theory of reaction rates, Unimolecular reactions -Lindeman and Christiansen hypothesis- molecular beams, collision cross sections, effectiveness of collisions, Potential energy surfaces. Transition state theory-evaluation of thermodynamic parameters of activation-applications of ARRT to reactions between atoms and molecules, time and true order-kinetic parameter evaluation. Factors determine the reaction rates in solution - primary salt effect and secondary salt effect, Homogeneous catalysis- acid- base catalysis-mechanism of acid base catalyzed reactions-Bronsted catalysis law, enzyme catalysis-Michelis-Menton catalysis.</p> <p>UNIT – V 15 Hours Kinetics of complex and fast reactions: Kinetics of complex reactions, reversible reactions, consecutive reactions, parallel reactions, chain reactions. Chain reactions-chain length, kinetics of $H_2 - Cl_2$ & $H_2 - Br_2$ reactions (Thermal and Photochemical reactions) - Rice Herzfeld mechanism. Study of fast reactions-relaxation methods- temperature and pressure jump methods electric and magnetic field jump methods -stopped flow flash photolysis methods and pulse radiolysis. Kinetics of polymerization-free radical, cationic, anionic polymerization - Polycondensation.</p>
Extended Professional Component	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rajaram J, Kuriacose J C, <i>Thermodynamics for Students of Chemistry</i>, 2nd Ed., S. L. N. Chand and Co., Jalandhar, 1986. 2. Engel T, Reid P, <i>Physical Chemistry</i>, 3rd Ed., Pearson Education, 2006. 3. Gupta M C, <i>Statistical Thermodynamics</i>, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1995. 4. Laidler K J, <i>Chemical Kinetics</i>, 3rd Ed., Pearson, Reprint -2013. 5. Rajaram J, Kuriokose J C, <i>Kinetics and Mechanisms of chemical transformation</i>, Macmillan India Ltd., Reprint - 2011.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. McQuarrie D A, Simon J D, <i>Physical Chemistry - A Molecular Approach</i>, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999. 2. Rastogi R P, Misra R R, <i>Classical Thermodynamics</i>, Vikas Publishing, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990. 3. Atkins P W, de Paula J, <i>Physical Chemistry</i>, 7th Ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2002. 4. Levine I N, <i>Physical Chemistry</i>, 5th Ed., Mc-Graw-Hill, 2002. 5. Gurdeep Raj, <i>Physical Chemistry</i>, Goel Publishing House, 2011.

Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103112/ 2. https://bit.ly/3tL3GdN
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to CO1: explain the classical and statistical concepts of thermodynamics. CO2: summarize and correlate the thermodynamic concepts to study the kinetics of chemical reactions. CO3: discuss the thermodynamic and kinetic determination of various systems. CO4: compare the theories of reactions rates and kinetics of fast reactions. CO5: evaluate the thermodynamic methods for real gases and mixtures.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO 4	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	13	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

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Title of the Course	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL							
Course No.	Core Course VI -Core Practical-II							
Category	Core	Year	I	Credits	4	Course Code	25PCHCCQ2	
		Semester	II					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	-	1	5			6		
Prerequisites	Basic principles of gravimetric and qualitative analysis							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To analyse the mixture of common and rare cations. • To prepare inorganic metal complexes • To understand and enhance the visual observation as an analytical tool for the quantitative estimation of ions. • To recall the principle and theory in preparing standard solutions. • To train the students for improving their skill in estimating the amount of ion accurately present in the solution. • To determine the amount of ions, present in a binary mixture accurately. 							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT – I 30 Hours Analysis of mixture of cations: Analysis of a mixture of four cations containing two common cations and two rare cations. Cations to be tested. Group-I: W, Tl and Pb. Group-II: Se, Te, Mo, Cu, Bi and Cd. Group-III: Tl, Ce, Th, Zr, V, Cr, Fe, Ti and U Group-IV: Zn, Ni, Co and Mn. Group-V: Ca, Ba and Sr. Group-VI: Li and Mg.</p> <p>UNIT – II 30 Hours Preparation of metal complexes: Preparation of inorganic complexes: a. Preparation of trithioureacopper(I)sulphate b. Preparation of Potassium trioxalatochromate(III) c. Preparation of tetramminecopper(II)sulphate d. Preparation of Reineck's salt e. Preparation of hexathioureacopper(I)chloridedihydrate f. Preparation of <i>cis</i>-Potassium trioxalatodiaquachromate(III) g. Preparation of Sodium trioxalatoferrate(III) h. Preparation of hexathiourealead(II)nitrate</p> <p>UNIT – III 30 Hours Complexometric Titration: 1. Estimation of Zinc, Nickel, Magnesium, and Calcium. 2. Estimation of mixture of metal ions-pH control, masking and demasking agents. a. Determination of Calcium and Lead in a mixture (pH control). b. Determination of Manganese in the presence of Iron. c. Determination of Nickel in the presence of Iron.</p>							
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)							

Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. <i>Vogel's Text book of Inorganic Qualitative Analysis</i> , 4 th Ed., ELBS, London. 2. Ramanujam V V, <i>Inorganic Semimicro Qualitative Analysis</i> ; 3 rd Ed., The National Publishing Company, Chennai, 1974 . 3. Jeya Rajendran A, <i>Microanalytical Techniques in Chemistry: Inorganic Qualitative Analysis</i> , United global publishers, 2021 .
Reference Books	1. Pass G, Sutcliffe H, <i>Practical Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 1 st Ed., Chapman Hall, 1970 . 2. Palmer W G, <i>Experimental Inorganic Chemistry</i> , 1 st Ed., Cambridge University Press, 1954 .
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to: CO1: identify the appropriate chemical reagents for the detection of common and rare cations present in a mixture. CO2: apply the principles of semi-micro qualitative analysis to categorize basic radicals. CO3: acquire the qualitative analytical skills by selecting suitable spot tests. CO4: prepare coordination complexes in good quality. CO5: estimate the amount of metal ions present in a given solution by quantitative method.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M	S
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3
Weightage	15	15	15	12	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	GREEN CHEMISTRY						
Paper No.	Elective III						
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC3A
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	4	-	-		4		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of general chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To discuss the principles of green chemistry. To propose green solutions for chemical energy storage and conversion. To propose green solutions for industrial production of Petroleum and Petrochemicals. To propose solutions for pollution prevention in Industrial chemical and fuel production and Automotive industry. To propose green solutions for industrial production of Organic and inorganic chemicals. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: 12 Hours Introduction Need for Green Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Limitations of Green Chemistry. Chemical accidents, terminologies, International green chemistry organizations and Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with examples.</p> <p>UNIT-II: 12 Hours Choice of starting materials, reagents, catalysts and solvents in detail, Green chemistry in day-to-day life. Designing green synthesis- green reagents: dimethyl carbonate. Green solvents: Water, Ionic liquids- criteria, general methods of preparation, effect on organic reaction. Supercritical carbon dioxide- properties, advantages, drawbacks and a few examples of organic reactions in scCO₂. Green synthesis-adipic acid and catechol.</p> <p>UNIT-III: 12 Hours Environmental pollution, Green Catalysis-Acid catalysts, Oxidation catalysts, Basic catalysts, Polymer supported catalysts-Poly styrene aluminum chloride, polymeric super acid catalysts, Polymer supported photosensitizers.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: 12 Hours Phase transfer catalysis in green synthesis-oxidation using hydrogen peroxide, crown ethers-esterification, saponification, anhydride formation, Elimination reaction, Displacement reaction. Applications in organic synthesis.</p> <p>UNIT-V: 12 Hours Micro wave induced green synthesis-Introduction, Instrumentation, Principle and applications. Sonochemistry – Instrumentation, Cavitation theory - Ultra sound assisted green synthesis and Applications.</p>						
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)						

component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ahluwalia V K, Kidwai M R, <i>New Trends in Green Chemistry</i>, Anamaya Publishers, 2005. 2. McCabe W L, Smith J C, Harriott P., <i>Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering</i>, 7th Ed., McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2005. 3. Swan J M, Black D St C, <i>Organometallics in Organic Synthesis</i>, Chapman Hall, 1974. 4. Ahluwalia V K, Aggarwal R, <i>Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques</i>, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2001. 5. De A K, <i>Environmental Chemistry</i>, New Age Publications, 2017.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Anastas P T, Warner J K, <i>Oxford Green Chemistry -Theory and Practical</i>, University Press, 1998 2. Matlack A S, <i>Introduction to Green Chemistry</i>, Marcel Dekker, 2001 3. Cann M C, Connely M E, <i>Real-World Cases in Green Chemistry</i>, American Chemical Society, Washington, 2000 4. Ryan M A, Tinnes M, <i>Introduction to Green Chemistry</i>, American Chemical Society Washington, 2002. 5. Chandrakanta Bandyopadhyay, <i>An Insight into Green Chemistry</i>, Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd., 2019.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/ 2. https://www.studyorgo.com/summary.php
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to: CO1: recall the basic chemical techniques used in conventional industrial preparations and in green innovations. CO2: describe the various techniques used in chemical industries and in laboratory. CO3: compare the advantages of organic reactions assisted by renewable and non-renewable energy sources. CO4: apply the principles of PTC, ionic liquid, microwave and ultrasonic assisted organic synthesis. CO5: design and synthesize new organic compounds by green methods.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

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Title of the Course	MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY						
Paper No.	Elective III						
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC3B
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	3	1	-			4	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of medicinal chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To study the chemistry behind the development of pharmaceutical materials. To gain knowledge on mechanism and action of drugs. To understand the need of antibiotics and usage of drugs. To familiarize with the mode of action of diabetic agents and treatment of diabetes. To identify and apply the action of various antibiotics. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Introduction to receptors: Introduction, targets, Agonist, antagonist, partial agonist. Receptors, Receptor types, Theories of Drug – receptor interaction, Drug synergism, Drug resistance, physicochemical factors influencing drug action.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Antibiotics: Introduction, Targets of antibiotics action, classification of antibiotics, enzyme-based mechanism of action, SAR of penicillins and tetracyclins, clinical application of penicillins, cephalosporin. Current trends in antibiotic therapy.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Antihypertensive agents and diuretics: Classification of cardiovascular agents, introduction to hypertension, etiology, types, classification of antihypertensive agents, classification and mechanism of action of diuretics, Furosemide, Hydrochlorothiazide, Amiloride.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: Antiviral and Antibacterial: Classification of antiviral agents, Mechanism of action – Chloroquine Phosphate, Amodiaquine hydrochloride and Pyrimethamine. Antibacterial: Classification and mechanism of action- Sulphanilamide, Sulphapyridine, Sulphadiazine and Sulphisoxazole.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Analgesics, Antipyretics and Anti-inflammatory Drugs: Introduction, Mechanism of inflammation, classification and mechanism of action and paracetamol, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac, naproxen, indomethacin, phenylbutazone and meperidine. Medicinal Chemistry of Antidiabetic Agents Introduction, Types of diabetics, Drugs used for the treatment, chemical classification, Mechanism of action, Treatment of diabetic mellitus. Chemistry of insulin, sulfonyl urea.</p>						

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wilson and Gisvold's, Textbook of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry. 2. Wilson, Charles Owens: Beale, John Marlowe; Block, John H, Lipincott William, 12th Ed., 2011. 3. Patrick Graham L, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, 5th edition, Oxford University Press, 2013. 4. Jayashree Ghosh, A textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, S Chand and Co. Ltd., 1999 Ed., 1999. 5. Le Roy O, Natural and synthetic organic medicinal compounds, Ealemi, 1976. 6. Ashutosh Kar S, Medicinal Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, New Ed., 1993.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, Lipincott Williams, Seventh Ed., 2012. 2. Abraham Donald J, Rotella David P, Alfred Burger, Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, Academic press, 2010. 3. Beale Jr John M and Block John M, Wolters Kluwer, Wilson and Gisvold's Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Ed., 2011. 4. Parimoo P, A Textbook of Medical Chemistry, New Delhi, CBS Publishers, 1995. 5. Ramakrishnan S, Prasannan K G and Rajan R, Textbook of Medicinal Biochemistry, Hyderabad: Orient Longman, 3rd Ed., 2001.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK482447/ 2. https://training.seer.cancer.gov/treatment/chemotherapy/types.html 3. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-medicinal-chemistry-12908

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: predict a drugs properties based on its structure.

CO2: describe the factors that affect its absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion, andhence the considerations to be made in drug design.

CO3: explain the relationship between drug's chemical structure and its therapeutic properties.

CO4: designed to give the knowledge of different theories of drug actions at molecular level.

CO5: identify different targets for the development of new drugs for the treatment of infectious and GIT.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

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Title of the Course	BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY							
Paper No.	Elective IV							
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC4A	
		Semester	II					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	3	1	-			4		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of chemistry							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the role of trace elements. To understand the biological significance of iron, sulphur. To study the toxicity of metals in medicines. To have knowledge on diagnostic agents. To discuss on various metalloenzymes properties. 							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT – I 12 Hours</p> <p>Essential trace elements: Selective transport and storage of metal ions: Ferritin, Transferrin and siderophores; Sodium and potassium transport, Calcium signalling proteins. Metalloenzymes, Zinc enzymes–carboxypeptidase and carbonic anhydrase. Iron enzymes–catalase, peroxidase. Copper enzymes – superoxide dismutase, Plastocyanin, Ceruloplasmin, Tyrosinase. Coenzymes - Vitamin-B12 coenzymes.</p> <p>UNIT – II 12 Hours</p> <p>Transport Proteins: Oxygen carriers-Hemoglobin and myoglobin - Structure and oxygenation Bohr Effect. Binding of CO, NO, CN– to Myoglobin and Hemoglobin. Biological redox system: Cytochromes-Classification, cytochrome a, b and c. Cytochrome P-450. Non-heme oxygen carriers- Hemerythrin and hemocyanin. Iron-sulphur proteins- Rubredoxin and Ferredoxin- Structure and classification.</p> <p>UNIT – III 12 Hours</p> <p>Nitrogen fixation: Introduction, types of nitrogen fixing microorganisms. Nitrogenase enzyme - Metal clusters in nitrogenase- redox property - Dinitrogen complexes transition metal complexes of dinitrogen - nitrogen fixation via nitride formation and reduction of dinitrogen to ammonia. Photosynthesis, photosystem-I and photosystem-II-chlorophylls structure and function.</p> <p>UNIT – IV 12 Hours</p> <p>Metals in medicine: Metal Toxicity of Hg, Cd, Zn, Pb, As, Sb. Therapeutic compounds, Vanadium - Based Diabetes Drugs; Platinum - Containing Anticancer Agents, Chelation, therapy, Cancer treatment. Diagnostic Agents, Technetium Imaging Agents; Gadolinium MRI Imaging Agents, temperature and critical magnetic Field.</p> <p>UNIT – V 12 Hours</p> <p>Enzymes: Introduction and properties -nomenclature and classification. Enzyme kinetics, free energy of activation and the effects of catalysis. Michaelis - Menton equation - Effect of pH, temperature on enzyme reactions.</p>							

	Factors contributing to the efficiency of enzyme.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Asim K Das, <i>Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 2 nd Ed., Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd., 2020 . 2. Lippard S J, Berg M J, <i>Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 1 st Ed., University Science Books, 1994 . 3. Rosette Roat-Malone M, <i>Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 2 nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2002 . 4. Mugherjea G N and Arabinda Das, <i>Elements of Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 2 nd Ed., U N Dhur & Sons Private Ltd., 1993 .
Reference Books	1. Satake M and Mido Y, <i>Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 1 st Ed., Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi, 1996 . 2. Hughes M N, <i>The Inorganic Chemistry of Biological Processes</i> , 2 nd Ed., Wiley London, 1982 . 3. Hay R W, <i>Bioinorganic Chemistry</i> , 2 nd Ed., Ellis Horwood, 1987 . 4. Loehr T M, <i>Iron carriers and Iron proteins</i> , 1 st Ed., VCH, 1989 .
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/instant-notes-in-inorganic-chemistry-the-instant-notes-chemistry-series-d162097454.html 2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/shriver-and-atkins-inorganic-chemistry-5th-edition-d161563417.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: identify the trace elements.

CO2: interpret the biological redox systems.

CO3: analyse the nitrogen fixation and photosynthetic mechanism.

CO4: predict the therapeutic and toxicity nature of metals

CO5: compile enzymatic action and its efficiency

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	M	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 2	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	M	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	MATERIAL SCIENCE						
Paper No.	Elective IV						
Category	Elective	Year	I	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC4B
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	3	1	-		4		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of solid-state chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the crystal structure, growth methods and X-ray scattering. To explain the optical, dielectric and diffusion properties of crystals. To recognize the basis of semiconductors, superconductivity materials and magnets. To study the synthesis, classification and applications of nanomaterials. To learn about the importance of materials used for renewable energy conversion. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT – I 12 Hours Crystallography: Symmetry - unit cell and Miller indices -crystal systems - Bravais lattices - point groups and space groups - X-ray diffraction-Laue equations-Bragg's law-reciprocal lattice and its application to geometrical crystallography. Crystal structure-powder and single crystal applications. Electron charge density maps, neutron diffraction- method and applications.</p> <p>UNIT – II 12 Hours Crystal growth methods: Nucleation-equilibrium stability and metastable state. Single crystal -Low and high temperature, solution growth- Gel and sol-gel. Crystal growth methods-nucleation-equilibrium stability and metastable state. Single crystal-Low and high temperature, solution growth - Gel and sol-gel. Melt growth Bridgman - Stockbarger, Czochralski methods. Flux technique, physical and chemical vapour transport. Lorentz and polarization factor-primary and secondary extinctions.</p> <p>UNIT – III 12 Hours Properties of crystals: Optical studies - Electromagnetic spectrum (qualitative) refractive index - reflectance - transparency, translucency and opacity. Types of luminescence - photo-, electro-, and injection luminescence, LEDs - organic, Inorganic and polymer LED materials - Applications. Dielectric studies- Polarisation - electronic, ionic, orientation, and space charge polarisation. Effect of temperature. dielectric constant, dielectric loss. Types of dielectric breakdown-intrinsic, thermal, discharge, electrochemical and defect breakdown.</p> <p>UNIT – IV 12 Hours Special Materials: Superconductivity: Meissner effect, Critical temperature and critical magnetic Field, Type I and II superconductors, BCS theory-Cooper pair, Applications. Soft and hard magnets - Domain theory Hysteresis Loop-Applications. Magneto and giant magneto resistance. Ferro, ferri and antiferromagnetic materials-applications, magnetic parameters for recording applications. Ferro-, Piezo-, and pyro electric materials - properties and applications. Shape memory Alloys-characteristics and applications, Non-linear optics-Second Harmonic Generators, mixing of Laser wavelengths by quartz, ruby and LiNbO₃.</p>						

	UNIT – V 12 Hours Materials for Renewable Energy Conversion: Solar Cells: Organic, bilayer, bulk heterojunction, polymer, perovskite based. Solar energy conversion: lamellar solids and thin films, dye- sensitized photo voltaic cells, coordination compounds anchored onto semiconductor surfaces – Ru(II) and Os(II) polypyridyl complexes. Photochemical activation and splitting of water, CO ₂ and N ₂ . Manganese based photo systems for water-splitting. Complexes of Rh, Ru, Pd and Pt - photochemical generation of hydrogen from alcohol.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Mohan S, Arjunan V, <i>Principles of Materials Science</i> , MJP Publishers, 2016 . 2. Arumugam, <i>Materials Science</i> , Anuradha Publications, 2007 . 3. Giacavazzo, <i>Fundamentals of Crystallography</i> , International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, <i>An Introduction to Crystallography</i> , Cambridge University Press, 2012 . 5. Shackelford James F, Muralidhara Madanapalli K, <i>Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers</i> . 6 th Ed., Pearson Press, 2007 .
Reference Books	1. Arora M G, <i>Solid State Chemistry</i> , Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2001 . 2. Puri R K and Babbar V K, <i>Solid State Physics</i> , S. Chand and Company Ltd, 2001 . 3. Kittel C, <i>Solid State Physics</i> , John-Wiley and sons, N Y, 1966 . 4. Meyers H P, <i>Introductory Solid State Physics</i> , Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., 1998 . 5. West A R, <i>Solid State Chemistry and Applications</i> , John-Wiley and sons, 1987 .
Website and e-learning source	1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html . 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf . 3. https://bit.ly/3QyVg2R

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to

CO1: understand and recall the synthesis and characteristics of crystal structures, semiconductors, magnets, nanomaterials and renewable energy materials.

CO2: integrate and assess the structure of different materials and their properties.

CO3: analyse and identify new materials for energy applications.

CO4: explain the importance of crystal structures, piezoelectric and pyroelectric materials, nanomaterials, hard and soft magnets, superconductors, solar cells, electrodes, LED uses, structures and synthesis.

CO5: design and develop new materials with improved property for energy applications.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	THERAPEUTICAL CHEMISTRY						
Course No.	Extra disciplinary course-I						
Category	EDC	Year	I	Credits	2	Course Code	25PCHEDC1
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Practice		Total	
	4			-		4	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of medicines and interest to learn						
Objectives the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To know the terms of pharmacology. To learn about medicinal flora in India. To understand the common diseases and their cure. To acquire knowledge about antibiotics, sulpha drugs etc., & to understand the drugs used for diabetes, cancer and hypertension. To have general awareness on blood grouping, first aid, vitamins and hormones. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT – I 12 Hours</p> <p>Important terminologies used in medicinal chemistry – pharmacology, drug, pharmacognosy, pharmacy, therapeutics, toxicology, chemotherapy, pharmacopoeia, viruses, bacteria, vaccines, therapeutic index, encapsulation. Routes of drug administration.</p> <p>UNIT – II 12 Hours</p> <p>Medicinal Flora in India:</p> <p>Some Indian healers and their significance – neem, adathoda vasica, amla, turmeric, thulasi, thoothuvalai, kizhanelli, shoe flower-Cancer curing plants. Medicinal plants in the kitchen garden-Spices as medicine-Ayurveda and siddha medicines.</p> <p>UNIT – III 12 Hours</p> <p>Common diseases and Drugs (Reason and treatment):</p> <p>Common air borne diseases – common cold, influenza, measles, mumps, diphtheria, whooping cough, tuberculosis, Common water borne diseases – dysentery, cholera, typhoid, jaundice-Common insect-borne diseases – malaria, elephantiasis, Some other common diseases – asthma, epilepsy.</p> <p>UNIT – IV 12 Hours</p> <p>Classification of Drugs:</p> <p>Sulpha drugs, antibiotics, analgesics, antiseptics and disinfectants, anaesthetics, psychopharmacology.</p> <p>Life-style diseases and treatment- obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular diseases including blood pressure, cancer, AIDS. [Reason, drugs (Structure not needed), prevention].</p> <p>UNIT – V 12 Hours</p> <p>Miscellaneous topics:</p> <p>Blood groups, Rh factor, composition of blood, types of anaemia and drugs. Accidents and first aids-Poisons and antidotes-Vitamins and hormones. Analysis of blood and urine.</p>						

Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, awareness of fundamental rights and duties
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lakshmi S, <i>Pharmaceutical Chemistry</i>, Sultan Chand & Sons, 3rd Ed., 2004. 2. Jayashree Ghosh, <i>Fundamental Concepts of Applied Chemistry</i>, 1st Ed., S. Chand, 2006. 3. Patrick G L, <i>An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 4th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2009.
Website e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://www.pharmapproach.com/routes-of-drug-administration/ 2. https://www.drugs.com/drug-class/analgesics.html 3. https://academic.oup.com/bjaed/article/14/3/106/340726
Course Learning Outcomes Students will be able to CO1: relate the terminologies of therapeutical chemistry CO2: explain the different diseases and their treatment CO3: classify diseases and various types of drugs CO4: choose the appropriate medicinal herbs for healing CO5: justify the role of various factors on health and diseases	

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	HUMAN RIGHTS						
Course No.							
Category	Common subject	Year	I	Credit	1	Course Code	25PHRS
		Semester	II				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Practice		Total	
	2	0		-		2	
Prerequisites	Basic desire to learn about rights						
Objectives the course	To enlighten the students about the different rights.						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT – I</p> <p>Human rights- Definition- characteristics of human rights- classification of rights- The Universal declaration of human rights- international covenants on economic, social and cultural rights.</p> <p>UNIT – II</p> <p>Constitutional guarantee on human rights - Fundamental rights -Part III of constitution- Directive principles Part IV of the constitution.</p> <p>UNIT – III</p> <p>Civil and political rights- right to work, right to personal freedom, right to freedom of expression, right to property, right to education, right to equality, right to religion, right to form association and unions, right to family, right to contract, right to constitutional remedies, right to contest in election, right to hold public office, right to petition, right to criticize government.</p> <p>UNIT – IV</p> <p>Economic rights: Right to work, right to adequate wages, right to reasonable hours of work, right to self-government in industry.</p> <p>UNIT – V</p> <p>Women’s rights: Right to inheritance, right to divorce, right to remarry, right to education, right to employment and career advancement.</p>						
Extended Professional Component (isa part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)						
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, awareness of fundamental rights and duties						
Recommended Text	<p>1. <i>Human rights</i>-UNESCO, 1982</p> <p>2. Desai A R- <i>Violation of democratic rights in India</i>, 1986.</p> <p>3. Pandey-<i>Constitutional Law</i>.</p> <p>4. <i>Human rights</i>- A selected bibliography, USIS.</p> <p>5. Singh K S, <i>Indian Social Institution</i>, 1983.</p>						

Title of the Course	ORGANIC SYNTHESIS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY						
Paper No.	Core VII						
Category	Core	Year Semester	II III	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC5
Instructional hours per week	Lecture 5	Tutorial 1	Lab Practice -		Total 6		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of organic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the molecular complexity of carbon skeletons and the presence of functional groups and their relative positions. To study various synthetically important reagents for any successful organic synthesis. To apply disconnection approach and identifying suitable synthons to effect successful organic synthesis. To learn the concepts of pericyclic reaction mechanisms. To gain the knowledge of photochemical organic reactions. 						
Course Outline	UNIT-I: Planning an Organic Synthesis and Control Elements: Preliminary planning – knowns and unknowns of the synthetic system studied, analysis of the complex and interrelated carbon framework into simple rational precursors, alternate synthetic routes, key intermediates that would be formed, available starting materials and resulting yield of alternative methods. Linear Vs convergent synthesis. Synthesis based on umpolung - concepts of Seebach - Control elements - Regiospecific control elements and stereospecific control elements.						
	UNIT-II: Organic Synthetic Methodology: Retrosynthetic Analysis: Alternate synthetic routes - Synthesis of organic mono and bifunctional compounds via disconnection approach - Protection of hydroxyl, carboxyl, carbonyl, thiol and amino groups - Illustration of protection and deprotection in synthesis - Use of protective groups, activating groups and bridging elements - Functional group alterations and transposition.						
	UNIT-III: Pericyclic Reactions: Woodward Hoffmann Rules, The Mobius and Huckel concept, FMO, PMO method and correlation diagrams - cycloaddition and retro cycloaddition reactions - [2+2], [2+4], [4+4], cationic, anionic, and 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions - cheletropic reactions – electrocycloaddition and ring opening reactions of conjugated dienes and trienes - sigmatropic rearrangements - (1,3), (1,5), (3,3) and (5,5) – carbon migrations, degenerate rearrangements, ionic sigmatropic rearrangements, group transfer reactions - regioselectivity, stereoselectivity and periselectivity in pericyclic reactions.						
	UNIT-IV: Organic Photochemistry-I: Photochemical excitation – experimental techniques – electronic transitions - Jablonskii diagrams - intersystem crossings, energy transfer						

	<p>processes, Stern-Volmer equation. Reactions of electronically excited ketones - $p\pi\pi^*$ triplets, Norrish type-I and type-II cleavage reactions, photo reductions, Paterno-Buchi reactions.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Organic Photochemistry-II: Photochemistry of α, β-unsaturated ketones - cis-trans isomerization, photon energy transfer reactions, photo cycloadditions, photochemistry of aromatic compounds, photochemical rearrangements, photo-stationary state, di-π methane rearrangement, reaction of conjugated cyclohexadienone to 3,4-diphenyl phenols, Barton's reaction.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carey F A and Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill, New York, 2003. 2. March J and Smith M, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., John-Wiley and sons, 2007. 3. Ireland R E, Organic synthesis, Prentice Hall India, Goel publishing house, 1990. 4. Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2nd Ed., 2016. 5. Smith M B, Organic Synthesis 3rd Ed., McGraw Hill International Edition, 2011.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gill and Wills, Pericyclic Reactions, Chapman Hall, London, 1974. 2. Joule J A, Smith G F, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Garden City Press, Great Britain, 2004. 3. Caruthers W, Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis 4th Ed., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2007. 4. House H O, Modern Synthetic reactions, W.A. Benjamin Inc, 1972. 5. Jagdamba Singh and Jaya Singh, Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
Website and e-learning source	https://rushim.ru/books/praktikum/Monson.pdf
<p>Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to:</p> <p>CO1: recall the basic principles of organic chemistry and to understand the various reactions of organic compounds with reaction mechanisms.</p> <p>CO2: understand the versatility of various special reagents and to correlate their reactivity with various reaction conditions.</p> <p>CO3: implement the synthetic strategies in the preparation of various organic compounds.</p> <p>CO4: predict the suitability of reaction conditions in the preparation of tailor-made organic compounds.</p> <p>CO5: design and synthesize novel organic compounds with the methodologies learnt during the course.</p>	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO 2	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – I						
Paper No.	Core VIII						
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC6
		Semester	III				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	5	1	-			6	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of inorganic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To gain insights into the modern theories of bonding in coordination compounds. To construct correlation diagrams and predict the electronic transitions that are taking place in the complexes. To learn various methods to determine the stability constants of complexes. To evaluate the substitution reactions mechanisms of octahedral and square planar complexes. To describe various electron transfer mechanistic pathways of reactions in complexes. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Modern theories of coordination compounds: Crystal field theory - splitting of d orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar symmetries - measurement of $10Dq$ - factors affecting $10Dq$ - spectrochemical series - crystal field stabilisation energy for high spin and low spin complexes- evidences for crystal field splitting - site selections in spinels and antispinel - Jahn-Teller distortions and its consequences. Molecular orbital theory and energy level diagrams-concept of weak and strong fields - sigma and pi bonding in octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral complexes.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Spectral characteristics of complexes: Term states for d ions - characteristics of d-d transitions - charge transfer spectra - selection rules for electronic spectra - Orgel correlation diagrams - Sugano-Tanabe energy level diagrams - nephelauxetic series - Racah parameter and calculation of inter-electronic repulsion parameter.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Stability and Magnetic property of the complexes: Stability of complexes- factors affecting stability of complexes-Thermodynamic aspects of complex formation- Stepwise and overall formation constants- Stability correlations, statistical factors and chelate effect,Determination of stability constant and composition of the complexes: Formation curves and Bjerrum's method, potentiometric method, spectrophotometric method, ion-exchange method, polarographic method and continuous variation method (Job's method). Magnetic property of complexes: Spin-orbit coupling, effect of spin-orbit coupling on magnetic moments, quenching of orbital magnetic</p>						

	<p>moments.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: Kinetics and mechanisms of substitution reactions of octahedral and square planar complexes: Inert and labile complexes- Associative, Dissociative and SNCB mechanistic pathways for substitution reactions- acid and base hydrolysis of octahedral complexes- classification of metal ions based on the rate of water replacement reaction and their correlation to Crystal Field Activation Energy. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes- Trans effect-theories of trans effect and applications of trans effect in synthesis of square planar compounds- Kurnakov test.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Electron Transfer reactions in octahedral complexes: Outer sphere electron transfer reactions and Marcus-Hush theory- inner sphere electron transfer reactions- nature of the bridging ligand in inner sphere electron transfer reactions. Photo-redox, photo-substitution and photo-isomerisation reactions in complexes and their applications.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Huheey J E, Keiter E A, Keiter R L, and Medhi O K, <i>Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of Structure and Reactivity</i>, 4th Ed., Pearson Education Inc., 2006. 2. Miessler Gary L, Fischer Paul J and Tarr Donald A, <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 5th Ed., Pearson Education Inc., 2014. 3. Banerjee D, <i>Coordination Chemistry</i>, 2nd Ed., Asian Books, 2009. 4. Figgis B N, <i>Introduction to Ligand Fields</i>, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New York, 1976. 5. Cotton F A, Wilkinson G, Murillo C A and Bochmann M, <i>Advanced Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 6th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1999. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Keith F Purcell and John C Kotz, <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i>, Saunders

Reference Books	<p>College Publications, USA, 2010.</p> <p>2. Peter Atkins and Tina Overton, <i>Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 6th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2014.</p> <p>3. Cotton F A, Wilkinson, G., Guas, P. L., <i>Basic Inorganic Chemistry</i>, John Wiley, 3rd Ed., 2007.</p> <p>4. Douglas B, McDaniel D, Alexander J, <i>Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry</i>, John Wiley, 3rd Ed., 2006.</p> <p>5. Shriver D F and Atkins P, <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i>, W. H. Freeman and Co., New York, 5th Ed., 2010.</p>
Website and e-learning source	<p>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-04-principles-of-inorganic-chemistry-ii-fall-2008/pages/syllabus/</p> <p>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/chemistry/07.inorganic_chemistry-ii/12_electronic_spectra_of_coordination_complexes-iv/et/7436_et_et.pdf</p> <p>https://chem.libretexts.org/Courses/East_Tennessee_State_University/CHEM_3110%3A_Descriptive_Inorganic_Chemistry/10%3A_Coordination_Chemistry-Reactions_and_Mechanisms/10.05%3A_Electron_Transfer_Reactions</p> <p>https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/S000005CH/P000658/M019076/ET/1515586760CHE_P3_M26_etext_final.pdf</p>
<p>Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)</p> <p>Students will be able to:</p> <p>CO1: classify various theories of coordination compounds.</p> <p>CO2: solve the spectroscopic and magnetic properties of coordination complexes.</p> <p>CO3: explain the stability of complexes and various experimental methods to determine the stability of complexes.</p> <p>CO4: predict the electronic transitions in complexes based on correlation diagrams.</p> <p>CO5: summarize the kinetics and mechanism of substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complexes.</p>	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	M

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	14	14
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	TEXTILE & DYE CHEMISTRY (INDUSTRY MODULE)						
Paper No.	Core IX						
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	4	Course Code	25PCHCC7
		Semester	III				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	4	1	-			5	
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of dye chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the manufacturing process and properties of natural and man made fibres. To comprehend the techniques in the process of dyeing To know the concept of colours and synthesis of various dyes. To learn the Pollution Control regulations in Textile Industry. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Fibre Science Definition of textile fibres, essential and desirable properties of textile fibres- textile fibre classifications. Natural fibres: cotton, wool, silk, flax (Linen), jute - physical & chemical properties - fine structure - chemical structure and applications. Regenerated cellulosic fibres: viscose, lyocell, cuprammonium rayon. Manmade fibres: raw materials - manufacturing process - physical and chemical properties and applications of polyester, polyamides, acrylic & polyolefins.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Process of Dyeing and Bleaching Objective of scouring – process of caustic scouring on open kier machine with sine diagram, scouring with NaOH and Na₂CO₃ - desizing using malt extract – merits and demerits of acid and enzyme desizing - objects of singeing – impurities present in grey cotton and cotton fabric – process of singeing on gas singeing machine – precautions to be taken during gas singeing. Bleaching: principles of wetting and mechanism of detergency – synthetic detergents – surface active agents - bleaching processes – bleaching agents - H₂O₂, NaOCl, bleaching powder and bio-bleaching and their properties - bleaching of cotton, rayon, wool and synthetic fibres.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Fundamental Concepts of Dye Chemistry Colour and constitution: colour of substances - complementary colours – theories of colour and constitution - Otto - Witt theory - chromophores, auxochromes, bathochromic shift, hypsochromic shift - quinonoid theory - valence bond theory and molecular orbital theory. Classification of dyes based on application- acid, base, azo, vat and reactive dyes - anthroquinone and mordant Dyes- synthesis and applications of Alizarin. Azo Dyes - principles of azo coupling - mechanism of diazotization – coupling with amines and phenols - Monoazo and diazo dyes - synthesis and applications - tautomerism in azo dyes</p>						

	<p>UNIT-IV: Classification of dyes based on chemical constituents Diphenylmethane Dyes- synthesis and application of Auramine-Triphenylmethane Dyes- malachite green, crystal violet, pararosaniline-preparation and applications. indigo dyes-preparation and application of indigo. derivatives of indigo-synthesis and uses of indigosol and tetrabromo indigo-(ciba blue). Phthalein Dyes – phenolphthalein – preparation and applications. Xanthine Dyes – Rhodamine B, Rhodamine-G; Fluorescein – Preparation and applications. Acridine dyes- synthesis and application of Acriflavin and proflavin. Reactive dyes – synthesis and applications of procion Blue HB. Application of dyes in other areas - medicine, chemical analysis, cosmetics, colouring agents, food and beverages.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Pollution Control in Textile Industry Textile Effluent: characteristics and determination of BOD, COD, TDS, pH and toxicity modern textile effluent- effect of untreated effluent, degradability of wastes. Treatment process -primary, secondary, tertiary & membrane technology-concept of zero discharge and its importance. Effluent treatment technologies: sizing and desizing technology, filtration technologies, colour removal technologies, remediation of textile effluents. effluent treatment plants-aerated lagoon, photo oxidation process.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chatwal G R, <i>Synthetic Dyes</i>, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2009. 2. Shenai, V A, <i>Chemistry of dyes and principles of dyeing</i>, 1983. 3. Mishra S P, <i>A text book of fibre science and technology</i>. New Age International, 2000. 4. Manivasakam N, <i>Treatment of Textile Processing Effluents</i>, Chemical Publishing Company, 2013.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Venkataraman K, <i>The Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes</i>, Elsevier, India, 2009. 2. Singh R, <i>A Handbook of Synthetic Dyes</i>, Mittal Publications, New Delhi, 2016. 3. Horrocks A R, Anand S C, <i>Handbook of Technical Textiles: Technical Textile Processes</i>, Woodhead Publishing, 2015. 4. Sadov F I, Korchagin M V and Matetskii A I, <i>Chemical technology of</i>

	<i>fibrous materials</i> , MIR Publishers, Moscow, 1978 .
Website and e-learning source	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/116/104/116104045/ https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/116/104/116104046/
Course Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to CO1: compare the application of synthetic fibres with natural fibres. CO2: describe the preparatory process of dyeing. CO3: illustrate the principles of colour and its relation with compound's structure. CO4: classify dyes based on their chemical structure and its applications. CO5: analyze the problems connected with textile technological processes.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	M

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO / PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	14	14
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL							
Paper No.	Core X							
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCCQ3	
		Semester	III					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	-	1	5			6		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of physical chemistry							
Objectives of the course	<p>To understand the principle of conductivity experiments through conductometric titrations.</p> <p>To evaluate the order of the reaction, temperature coefficient, and activation energy of the reaction by following pseudo first order kinetics.</p> <p>To construct the phase diagram of two component system forming congruent melting solid and find its eutectic temperatures and compositions.</p> <p>To determine the kinetics of adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal.</p> <p>To develop the potential energy diagram of hydrogen ion, charge density distribution and Maxwell's speed distribution by computational calculation.</p>							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Conductivity Experiments</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Determination of equivalent conductance of a strong electrolyte & the verification of DHO equation. 2. Verification of Ostwald's Dilution Law & Determination of pK_a of a weak acid. 3. Verification of Kohlrausch's Law for weak electrolytes. 4. Determination of solubility of a sparingly soluble salt. 5. Acid-base titration (strong acid and weak acid vs NaOH). 6. Precipitation titrations (mixture of halides only). <p>UNIT-II: Kinetics</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Study the kinetics of acid hydrolysis of an ester, determine the temperature coefficient and also the activation energy of the reaction. 2. Study the kinetics of the reaction between acetone and iodine in acidic medium by half-life method and determine the order with respect to iodine and acetone. <p>UNIT-III: Phase diagram</p> <p>Construction of phase diagram for a simple binary system</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Naphthalene-phenanthrene 2. Benzophenone- diphenyl amine <p>Adsorption</p> <p>Adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal & determination of surface area (Freundlich isotherm only).</p>							
Extended Professional Component	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>							
Skills acquired from this course	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>							
Recommended	<p>1. Viswanathan B and Raghavan P S, Practical Physical Chemistry,</p>							

Text	Viva Books, New Delhi, 2009 . 2. Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, Practical Chemistry (Part II), S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996 . 3. Athawale V D and Parul Mathur, Experimental Physical Chemistry, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008 .
Reference Books	1. Yadav J B, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2001 . 2. Garland G W, Nibler J W, Shoemaker D P, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 8 th Ed., McGraw Hill, 2009 . 3. Gurthu J N and Kapoor R, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 1987 . 4. Shailendra K Sinha, Physical Chemistry: A laboratory Manual, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014 .
Website and e-learning source	https://web.iitd.ac.in/~nukurur/2015-16/Isem/cmp511/lab_handout_new.pdf
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able to: CO1: recall the principles associated with various physical chemistry experiments. CO2: scientifically plan and perform all the experiments. CO3: observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments. CO4: calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data. CO5: interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students' efficiency for societal developments.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of CourseContribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	BIOMOLECULES AND HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS						
Paper No.	Elective V						
Category	Elective	Year Semester	II III	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC5A
Instructional hours per week	Lecture 4	Tutorial	Lab Practice -			Total 4	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To learn the basic concepts and biological importance of biomolecules and natural products. To explain various functions of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids, steroids and hormones. To understand the functions of alkaloids and terpenoids. To elucidate the structure of biomolecules and natural products. To extract and construct the structure of new alkaloids and terpenoids from different methods. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Chemistry and metabolism of carbohydrates: Definition, classification and biological role of carbohydrates. Monosaccharides- Linear and ring structures (Haworth formula) of ribose, glucose, fructose and mannose (structure determination not required), physical and chemical properties of glucose and fructose. Disaccharides- Ring structures (Haworth formula) –occurrence, physical and chemical properties of maltose, lactose and sucrose. Polysaccharides- Starch, glycogen and cellulose – structure and properties, glycolysis of carbohydrates.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Steroids and Hormones-Steroids-Introduction, occurrence, nomenclature, configuration of substituents. Diels' hydrocarbon, stereochemistry, classification, biological importance, colour reactions of sterols, cholesterol-occurrence, tests, physiological activity, biosynthesis of cholesterol from squalene. Hormones-Introduction, classification, functions of sex hormones- androgens and estrogens, adrenocortical hormones-cortisone and cortisol -structure and functions of non-steroidal hormones-adrenaline and thyroxine.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Proteins and nucleic acids- Separation and purification of proteins – dialysis, gel filtration and electrophoresis. Catabolism of amino acids - transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Biosynthesis of proteins-Role of nucleic acids. Amino acid metabolism and urea cycle. Structure, methods for the synthesis of nucleosides - direct combination, formation of heterocyclic base and nucleoside modification, conversion of nucleoside to nucleotides.</p> <p>Primary and secondary structure of RNA and DNA, Watson-Crick model, solid phase synthesis of oligonucleotides.</p>						

	<p>UNIT-IV: Vitamins-Introduction, Classification, Sources and deficiency diseases. Structural determination and synthesis of Vitamin A₁, Vitamin B₆, Vitamin B₁₂, Folic acid, Vitamin H, Vitamin E and Vitamin K₂.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Fused Ring Heterocyclic Compounds: Benzofused five membered rings: Indole, isoindole, benzofuran and benzothiophene, Preparation and properties.</p> <p>Benzofused six membered rings- Quinoline and isoquinoline-Preparation by ring closure reactions: Reactions: Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, oxidation and reduction reactions.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved</p> <p>(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Lindhorst T K, Essentials of Carbohydrate Chemistry and Biochemistry, Wiley VCH, North America, 2007. 2.Ahluwalia V K, Steroids and Hormones, Ane books pub., New Delhi, 2009. 3.Finar I L, Organic Chemistry Vol-2, 5th Ed., Pearson Education Asia 1975. 4.Ahluwalia V K and Goyal M, Textbook of Heterocyclic compounds, Narosa Publishing, New Delhi, 2000. 5.Jain M K and Sharma S C, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co., Jalandhar, Delhi, 2014.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Finar I L, Organic Chemistry Vol-1, 6th Ed., Pearson Education Asia, 2004. 2.Pelletier S W, Chemistry of Alkaloids, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co, 2000. 3.Charles W. Shoppe, Chemistry of the steroids, Butterworthes, 1994. 4.Khan I A and Khanum A, Role of Biotechnology in medicinal & aromatic plants, Vol 1 and Vol 10, Ukkaz Publications, Hyderabad, 2004. 5.Singh M P and Panda H, Medicinal Herbs with their formulations, Daya Publishing House, Delhi, 2005.
Website and e-learning source	www.organic-chemistry.org/ www.studyorgo.com/summary.php www.clutchprep.com/organic-chemistry https://chemlab.truman.edu/chemical-principles/determination-of-vitamin-c/ https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/15079/1/Unit-4.pdf

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able to:

CO1: comprehend the basic concepts of biomolecules and natural products.

CO2: compare the different methods of preparation of structurally different biomolecules and natural products.

CO3: illustrate the applications of biomolecules and their functions in the metabolism of living organisms.

CO4: analyse the structure and synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.

CO5: rationalise the biological relevance of heterocycles, steroids, hormones, vitamins, carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO 5	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY							
Paper No.	Elective V							
Category	Elective	Year	II	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSEC5B	
		Semester	III					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total		
	4	-	-			4		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of chemistry							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To develop the knowledge of natural products, biological functions and pharmacological uses. To develop knowledge on primary and secondary metabolites and their sources. To understand the concepts of isolation methods and separation of bioactive compounds. To provide the knowledge on selected glycosides and marine drugs. To familiarize the guidelines of WHO and different sampling techniques. 							
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Pharmacognosy and Standardization of Herbal drugs: Introduction, definition, development classification and Source of Drugs: Biological, mineral, marine, and plant tissue cultures. Study of pharmacognosy of a crude drug. Biosynthesis: Shikimic acid pathway and acetate pathway. Systematic analysis of Crude drugs. Standardization of Herbal drugs. WHO guidelines, Sampling of crude drug, Methods of drug evaluation. Determination of foreign matter, moisture Ash value. Phytochemical investigations-General chemical tests.</p> <p>UNIT-II: Extraction Techniques: General methods of extraction, types –maceration, Decoction, percolation, Immersion and soxhlet extraction. Advanced techniques- counter current, steam distillation, supercritical gases, sonication, Micro waves assisted extraction. Factors affecting the choice of extraction process.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Drugs containing Terpenoids and volatile oils, Terpenoids: Classification, Isoprene rule, Isolation and separation techniques, General properties Camphor, Menthol, Eucalyptol. Volatile Oils or Essential Oils: Method of Preparations, Classifications of Volatile oils, Camphor oil, Geranium oil, Citral- Structure uses. Pentacyclic triterpenoids: amyrines; taraxasterol: Structure and pharmacological applications.</p>							

	<p>UNIT-IV: Drugs containing alkaloids: Occurrence, function of alkaloids in plants, pharmaceutical applications. Isolation, Preliminary Qualitative tests and general properties. General methods of structural elucidation. Morphine, Reserpine, papaverine - chemical properties, structure and uses.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Plant Glycosides and Marine drugs: Glycosides, Basic ring system, classification, isolation, properties, qualitative analysis. Pharmacological activity of Senna glycosides, Cardiac glycosides- Digoxin, digitoxin, Steroidal saponins glycosides- Diosgenin, hecogenin. Plant pigments: Occurrence and general methods of structure determination, isolation and synthesis of quercetin and cyanidin chloride. Marine drugs -Selected Drug Molecules: Cardiovascular active substances, Cytotoxic compounds, antimicrobial compounds, antibiotic compounds, Anti-inflammatory agents. Marine toxins.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<p>1. Gurdeep R Chatwal, Organic chemistry of Natural products, Volume I & II, 5th Ed., Himalaya publishing House, 2016.</p> <p>2. Bhat S V, Nagasampagi B A, Sivakumar M, Chemistry of Natural Products, Revised Ed., Narosa Publishers, 2014.</p>
Reference Books	<p>1. Jeffrey B Harborne, Phytochemical methods: A Guide to Modern Techniques of Plant Analysis, 4th edition, Indian reprint, Springer, 2012.</p> <p>2. Ashutoshkar, Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology, 2nd Ed., New age international Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.</p>
<p>Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)</p> <p>Students will be able:</p> <p>CO1: To recall the sources of natural medicines and analysis of crude drugs.</p> <p>CO2: To understand the methods of evaluation based on various parameters.</p> <p>CO3: To analyze the isolated drugs</p> <p>CO4: To apply various techniques to discover new alternative medicines.</p> <p>CO5: To evaluate the isolated drugs for various pharmacological activities</p>	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M– Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY IN CONSUMER PRODUCTS						
Paper No.	EDC-II						
Category	EDC	Year	II	Credits	2	Course Code	25PCHEDC2
		Semester	III				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	3	-	-		3		
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of Consumer Products						
Objectives of the course	To provide basic knowledge in consumer products in chemistry and modern trend in Industry.						
Course Outline	UNIT-I: Inorganic consumer products Ceramic materials – Preparation, Properties and Uses. Glass- Preparation, Properties and Uses. Graphite- Preparation, Properties and Uses. Silica Aerogel- Preparation, Properties and Uses.						
	UNIT-II: Soaps and detergents Saponification of oils and fats. Manufacture of soaps. Formulation of toilet soaps. Different ingredients used. Their functions. Mechanism of action of soap. ISI specifications. Testing procedures/limits. Anionic detergents: Manufacture of LAB (linear alkyl benzene). Sulphonation of LAB preparation of acid slurry. Different ingredients in the formulation of detergent powders and soaps. Liquid detergents. Foam boosters. AOS (alpha olefin sulphonates. cationic detergents: examples. Manufacture and applications. Mechanism of action of detergents Comparison of soaps and detergents. Biodegradation – environmental effects. ISI specifications / limits.						
	UNIT-III: Shampoos Manufacture of SLS and SLES. Ingredients. Functions. Different kinds of shampoos – anti-dandruff, anti-lice, herbal and baby shampoos. Hair dye. Manufacture of conditioners. Coco betaines or coco diethanolamides – ISI specifications. Testing procedures and limits.						

	UNIT-IV: Skin preparations Face and skin powders. Ingredients, functions. Different types. Snows and face creams. Chemical ingredients used. Anti perspirants. Sun screen preparations. UV absorbers. Skin bleaching agents. Depilatories. Turmeric and Neem preparations. Vitamin oil. Nail polishes: nail polish preparation, nail polish removers. Article removers. Lipsticks, roughes, eyebrow pencils. Ingredients and functions – hazards. ISI specifications.
	UNIT-V: Regulations in consumer products Leading firms, brand names, choosing the right product. Packing regulations. Marketing. Licensing – drug license – legal aspects. GMP – ISO 9000/12000 – consumer education. Evaluation of the product – advertisements.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Gobala Rao S, Outlines of chemical technology, Affiliated East West press, 1998 . 2. Kafaro, Wasteless chemical processing, Mir publishers, 1995 . 3. Sawyer W, Experimental cosmetics, Dover publishers, New york, 2000 .
Course Learning Outcomes Students will be able to CO1: comprehend the preparations of inorganic consumer products CO2: apply various manufacturing methods of soaps and detergents CO3: synthesize different kinds of shampoos and conditioners CO4: make different types of skin preparations such as snows, face creams, bleaching agents etc., CO5: explain the policies and regulations in consumer products	

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – II						
Paper No.	Core XI						
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC8
		Semester	IV				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	5	1	-		6		
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of Inorganic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To know the fundamental concepts and structural aspects of organometallic complexes. To learn reactions and catalytic behaviour of organometallic complexes. To analyse the spectral characteristics of selected complexes. To predict the structure of coordination compounds using spectroscopic tools. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I:</p> <p>Chemistry of organometallic compounds:</p> <p>Classification of organometallic compounds based on M-C bond – 18 and 16 electron rule; Bonding in metal – olefin complexes (example: Ziese's salt), metal-acetylene and metal-allyl complexes; Metal-cyclopentadienyl complexes – Examples and MO approach to bonding in metallocenes; fluxional isomerism.</p> <p>Metal – carbonyl complexes: MO diagram of CO; Structure and bonding – bonding modes, MO approach of M-CO bonding, π-acceptor nature of carbonyl group, synergistic effect (stabilization of lower oxidation states of metals).</p> <p>Carbonyl clusters: Low nuclearity and high nuclearity carbonyl clusters – Structures based on polyhedral skeleton electron pair theory or Wade's rule.</p> <p>UNIT-II:</p> <p>Reactions and catalysis of organometallic compounds:</p> <p>Reactions of organometallic compounds: Oxidative addition, reductive elimination (α and β eliminations), migratory insertion reaction and metathesis reaction.</p> <p>Organo-metallic catalysis: Hydrogenation of olefins (Wilkinson's catalyst), hydroformylation of olefins using cobalt or rhodium catalysts (oxo process), oxidation of olefin (Wacker process), olefin isomerisation, water gas shift reaction, cyclo-oligomerisation of acetylenes using Reppe's catalysts, Monsanto process.</p> <p>UNIT-III:</p> <p>Inorganic spectroscopy -I:</p> <p>IR spectroscopy: Effect of coordination on the stretching frequency- sulphato, carbonato, sulphito, aqua, nitro, thiocyanato, cyano, thiourea, DMSO complexes; IR spectroscopy of carbonyl compounds.</p>						

	<p>NMR spectroscopy- Introduction, applications of ^1H, ^{15}N, ^{19}F, ^{31}P- NMR spectroscopy in structural identification of inorganic complexes, fluxional molecules, quadrupolar nuclei- effect in NMR spectroscopy.</p> <p>UNIT-IV: Inorganic spectroscopy-II: Introductory terminologies: g and A parameters - definition, explanation and factors affecting g and A; Applications of ESR to coordination compounds with one and more than one unpaired electrons – hyperfine and secondary hyperfine splitting and Kramer's doublets; ESR spectra of V(II), Mn(II), Fe(II), Co(II), Ni(II), Cu(II) complexes, bis(salicylaldimine)copper(II) and $[(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Co-O}_2\text{-Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5]^{5+}$. Mossbauer spectroscopy – Mossbauer effect, Recoil energy, Mossbauer active nuclei, Doppler shift, Isomer shift, quadrupole splitting and magnetic interactions. Applications of Mössbauer spectra to Fe and Sn compounds.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Photo Electron Spectroscopy: Theory, Types, origin of fine structures - shapes of vibrational fine structures – adiabatic and vertical transitions, PES of homonuclear diatomic molecules (N_2, O_2) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules (CO, HCl) and polyatomic molecules (H_2O, CO_2, CH_4, NH_3) – evaluation of vibrational constants of the above molecules. Koopman's theorem- applications and limitations. Optical Rotatory Dispersion – Principle of CD and ORD; Δ and λ isomers in complexes, Assignment of absolute configuration using CD and ORD techniques.</p>
Extended Professional Component	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Huheey J E, Keiter E A, Keiter R L & Medhi O K, <i>Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of Structure and Reactivity</i>, 4th Ed., Pearson Education Inc., 2006. 2. Meissler G L & Tarr D A, <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 3rd Ed., Pearson Education Inc., 2014. 3. Bannerjea D, <i>Co-ordination Chemistry</i>, Asian books, 2009. 4. Gupta B D & Elias A K, <i>Basic Organometallic Chemistry: Concepts, Syntheses and Applications</i>, 2nd Ed., University Press, 2013. 5. Cotton F A, Wilkinson G, Murillo C A, Bochmann M, <i>Advanced Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 6th Ed., Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1999.

Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Crabtree Robert H, <i>The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals</i>. 6th Ed., New York, NY: John Wiley, 2022. 2. Gütllich P, Bill E, & Trautwein A X, <i>Mossbauer Spectroscopy and Transition Metal Chemistry: Fundamentals and Applications</i>, 1st Ed., Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2016. 3. Douglas B, McDaniel D, & Alexander J, <i>Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry</i>, 3rd Ed., John Wiley, 2006. 4. Purcell K F, & Kotz J C, <i>Inorganic Chemistry</i>; Saunders: Philadelphia, 2010. 5. Drago R S, <i>Physical Methods in Chemistry</i>, Affiliated East-west Publication, 2016.
Website and e-learning source	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101100/ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eCyTvhk4rLQ https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=13G8VouhmrFfuhs6rkiyTA== https://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.ias.ac.in/article/fulltext/jcsc/102/03/0379-0393 https://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/epgpdata/uploads/epgp_content/chemistry/11.inorganic_chemistry-iii/29._metal-metal bonds and their evidences/et/9108 et et 29.pdf
Course Outcomes: Students will be able to: CO1: analyse and apply 18 and 16 electron rule & structure and bonding in olefin, allyl, cyclopentadienyl and carbonyl containing organometallic complexes. CO2: assess the catalytic cycles of organometallic complexes. CO3: identify the functional groups and structure of coordination complexes using spectroscopic tools such as IR and NMR. CO4: explain the theory behind ESR & Mossbauer spectroscopy and predict the structure of coordination complexes. CO5: examine and interpret the structure of molecules using PES and to assign the CD and ORD techniques.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	14	14
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium**Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025**

Title of the Course	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II						
Paper No.	Core XII						
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	5	Course Code	25PCHCC9
		Semester	IV				
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice			Total	
	5	1	-			6	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of physical chemistry						
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the essential characteristics of wave functions and need for the quantum mechanics. To know the importance of quantum mechanical models of particle in a box, rigid rotor and harmonic oscillator. To apply the quantum mechanics to hydrogen and polyelectronic systems. To familiarize the symmetry in molecules and predict the point groups. To predict the vibrational modes and, hybridization using the concepts of group theory. 						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT-I: Introduction: Wave particle duality, Uncertainty principle, Particle wave and Schrodinger wave equation, wave function, properties of wave function. Properties of wave function, Normalized, Orthogonal, orthonormal, Eigen values, Eigen functions, Hermitian properties of operators. Introduction to quantum mechanics-black body radiation, photoelectric effect, hydrogen spectrum. Need for quantum mechanics, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Schrodinger wave equation, Time independent and time dependent</p> <p>UNIT-II: Quantum models: Particle in a box-1D, two dimensional and three-dimensional, degeneracy, application to linear conjugated molecular system, free particles, ring systems. Harmonic Oscillator-wave equation and solution, anharmonicity, force constant and its significance. Rigid Rotor-wave equation and solution, calculation of rotational constants and bond length of diatomic molecules.</p> <p>UNIT-III: Applications to Hydrogen and Poly electron atoms: Hydrogen atom and hydrogen like ions, Hamiltonian-wave equation and solutions, radial and angular functions, representation of radial distribution functions. Approximation methods –variation methods: trial wave function, variation integral and application to particle in 1D box. Perturbation method - first order applications. Hartree-Fock self-consistent field method, Hohenberg-Kohn theorem and Kohn-Sham equation, Helium atom-electron spin, Pauli's exclusion principle and Slater determination.</p>						

	<p>UNIT-IV: Group theory: Groups, sub groups, symmetry elements, operations, classification-axial and non-axial. Dihedral point groups- C_n, C_{nh}, D_n, D_{nh}, D_{nd}, T_d and O_h. Matrix representation and classes of symmetry operations, Reducible, irreducible and direct product representation. The Great orthogonality theorem– irreducible - representation and reduction formula, construction of character table for C_{2v}, C_{2h}, C_{3v} and D_{2h} point groups.</p> <p>UNIT-V: Applications of quantum and group theory: Hydrogen Molecule-Molecular orbital theory and Heitler London (VB) treatment, Energy level diagram, Hydrogen molecule ion: Use of linear variation function and LCAO methods. Electronic conjugated system: Huckel method to Ethylene, butadiene, Cyclopropenyl, Cyclobutadiene and Benzene. Applications of group theory to molecular vibrations, electronic spectra of ethylene.</p>
<p>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)</p>	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</p>
<p>Skills acquired from this course</p>	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>
<p>Recommended Text</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prasad R K, <i>Quantum Chemistry</i>, 4th Ed., New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2020. 2. Cotton, F A, <i>Chemical Applications of Group Theory</i>, 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2003. 3. Vincent A, <i>Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory. A Programmed Introduction to Chemical Applications</i>, 2nd Ed, John and Willy & Sons Ltd., 2013. 4. Veera Reddy K, <i>Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules</i>, 2nd Ed., New Age International Ltd., 2009. 5. Bhattacharya P K, <i>Group Theory and Its Chemical Applications</i>, 1st Ed., Himalaya Publishing House, 1986. 6. Puri B R, Sharma L R, <i>Principles of Physical Chemistry</i>, 48th Ed., Vishal Publishing Company, Jalandhar. 2023.
<p>Reference Books</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Levine N, <i>Quantum Chemistry</i>, 4th Ed., Allyn & Bacon Inc, 1983. 2. McQuarrie D A and Simon J D, <i>Physical Chemistry, A Molecular Approach</i>, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012. 3. Chandra A K, <i>Introduction to Quantum Chemistry</i>, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 1994. 4. Gurudeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi, Vinod Jain, <i>Group theory and symmetry</i>

	<i>in Chemistry</i> , 3 rd Ed., Krishna Prakashan Media Ltd., 2010.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101124 2. https://ipc.iisc.ac.in/~kls/teaching.html 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cyl6/preview 4. http://vallance.chem.ox.ac.uk/pdfs/SymmetryLectureNotes.pdf 5. https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=2 6. https://chem.libretexts.org
Course Outcomes: Students will be able to: CO1: discuss the characteristics of wave functions and symmetry functions. CO2: classify the symmetry operation and wave equations. CO3: apply the concept of quantum mechanics and group theory to predict the electronic structure. CO4: specify the appropriate irreducible representations for theoretical applications. CO5: develop skills in evaluating the symmetries of vibrational and electronic transition.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	M	M	M
CO 2	M	S	S	M	M	M	S	M	M	M
CO 3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO 4	S	S	S	M	M	M	S	M	M	M
CO 5	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	M	M	M

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025

Title of the Course	ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUE PRACTICAL (Industry Entrepreneurship)						
Paper No.	Elective VI						
Category	Core	Year	II	Credits	3	Course Code	25PCHDSECQ
	Semester	IV					
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
	-		4		4		
Prerequisites							
Objectives of the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To analyze different constituents through instrumental methods of analysis. To evaluate different contaminants in materials using turbidimetry and conductivity measurements. To analyze constituents in materials using absorption techniques. 						
Course Outline	UNIT-I: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Conductometric titration of a mixture of HCl and CH₃COOH Vs NaOH. Conductometric titration of NH₄Cl Vs NaOH. Conductometric titration of CH₃COONa Vs HCl. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of HCl and CH₃COOH Vs NaOH Determination of pK_a of weak acid by EMF method. Potentiometric titration of FAS Vs K₂Cr₂O₇ Potentiometric titration of KI Vs KMnO₄. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of Chloride and Iodide Vs AgNO₃. Determination of the pH of buffer solution by EMF method using Quinhydrone and Calomel electrode. Determination of solubility, solubility product of AgX - half cell method, concentration method. Study of the inversion of cane sugar in the presence of acid by Polarimetric method. Determination of the optimized geometries, bond parameters, HOMO-LUMO energy gap, IR and Raman frequencies and its graphical representation for selected molecules Compute the transition state for 4+2 cycloaddition and S_N2 reaction. Also compute the thermodynamic and kinetic parameters. Compute NMR chemical shift for some molecules represent them as spectra and compare the chemical shift with the literature values. 						

	<p>UNIT-II</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Determination of spectrophotometrically the mole ratio of the ferrithiocyanate complex and equilibrium constant for the complex formation. 2. Determination of the amount (mol/L) of ferricyanide present in the given solution using cyclic voltammetry. 3. Determination of the diffusion coefficient of ferricyanide using cyclic voltammetry. 4. Determination of the standard redox potential of ferri-ferrocyanide redox couple using cyclic voltammetry. 5. Estimation of the amount of sulphate present in the given solution using Nephelometric turbidimeter. 6. Estimation of the amount of nitrate present in the given solution using spectrophotometric method. 7. Heavy metal analysis in textiles and textile dyes by AAS 8. Determination of caffeine in soft drinks by HPLC 9. Analysis of water quality through COD, DO, BOD measurements. 10. Assay of Riboflavin and Iron in tablet formulations by spectrophotometry 11. Estimation of chromium in steel sample by spectrophotometry 12. Determination of Stern-Volmer constant of Iodine quenching by fluorimetry 13. Determination of ascorbic acid in real samples using Differential Pulse Voltammetry and comparing with specifications 14. Separation of (a) mixture of Azo dyes by TLC (b) mixture of metal ions by Paper chromatography 15. Estimation of chlorophyll in leaves and phosphate in waste water by colorimetry <p>UNIT-III: Interpretation and identification of the given spectra of various organic compounds arrived at from the following instruments</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. UV-visible 2. IR 3. Raman 4. NMR 5. ESR 6. Mass etc.,
<p>Skills acquired from this course</p>	<p>Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</p>

Recommended Text	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vogel's <i>Text book of Practical Organic Chemistry</i>, 5th Ed., ELBS/Longman, England, 2003. 2. Jeffery G H, Bassett J, Mendham J and Denney R C, <i>Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis</i>; 6th Ed., ELBS, 1989. 3. Woollins J D, <i>Inorganic Experiments</i>; VCH: Weinheim, 1995. 4. Viswanathan B and Raghavan P S, <i>Practical Physical Chemistry</i>, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2009. 5. Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, <i>Practical Chemistry (Part II)</i>, S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996.
Reference Books	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gnanapragasam N S and Ramamurthy G, <i>Organic Chemistry –Lab manual</i>, S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2009. 2. Gurtu J N and Kapoor R, <i>Advanced Experimental Chemistry</i>, S. Chand and Co., 2011. 3. Yadav J B, <i>Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry</i>, Goel Publishing House, 2001. 4. Garland G W, Nibler J W, Shoemaker D P, <i>Experiments in Physical Chemistry</i>, 8th Ed., McGraw Hill, 2009. 5. Gurthu J N and Kapoor R, <i>Advanced Experimental Chemistry</i>, S.Chand and Co., 1987.
Website and e-learning source	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://bit.ly/3QESF7t 2. https://bit.ly/3QANOnX 3. www.arguslab.com 4. www.Gaussian.com
Course Outcomes: Students will be able to: CO1: recall the principles associated with various physical chemistry experiments CO2: scientifically plan and perform all the experiments both in laboratory and in computers CO3: observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments CO4: calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data. CO5: interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students efficiency for societal developments.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong**Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025**

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY FOR ADVANCED RESEARCH STUDIES						
Category	Professional Competency Skill Course	Year Semester	II IV	Credits	2	Course Code	25PCHPCSQ
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tutorial	Lab Practice		Total		
		2	2		4		
Prerequisites	Basic concepts of Chemistry						
Objectives of the course	To provide an introductory training to begin a Chemistry research.						
Course Outline	<p>UNIT- I</p> <p>Chemistry Research - Broad areas of research - an overview; Research Methods - Experimental and Computational Methods; types of research-fundamental and applied research, interdisciplinary and trans disciplinary research-case studies of researches.</p> <p>UNIT - II</p> <p>Sources of Chemical Information-Primary, secondary and tertiary; Tools for Data collection and referencing, indexing-Citation index, impact factor, H index-Chemspider, Chemdoodle, Mendely, Pubchem, CSD, PDB, Crystallography open database, e-EROS (Encyclopedia of reagents for organic synthesis).</p> <p>UNIT - III</p> <p>Techniques for research article writing-Structure and organisation of a thesis/research paper-First draft, revising the drafts and fine tuning a research paper. Research ethics and quality-plagiarism- tools to detect plagiarism-IPR as relevant to research.</p> <p>UNIT - IV</p> <p>Data Analysis- Interpretation of chemical data and spectra - UV, IR, NMR and Mass spectra.</p> <p>UNIT – V</p> <p>AI tool for Chemistry research-chemistry assistant, chemintelligence, chemical.ai.</p>						
Skills acquired from this course	Conversant with the tools and techniques relating to research in Chemistry						

References	1. Brynn H D, <i>Data Analysis for Chemistry: An Introductory Guide for Students and Laboratory Scientists</i> , 1 st Ed., Oxford University press, 2006 . 2. Silverstein R M, Webster F X, Kiemle D, <i>Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds</i> , 7 th Ed., Wiley, 2005 . 3. Robert B and Schaefer J P, <i>Research Techniques in Organic Chemistry</i> , Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1971 .
Websites	1. https://guides.lib.uci.edu/c.php?g=333122&p=2247810 2. https://www.acs.org/careers/chemical-sciences/areas.html 3. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/chemical-method 4. https://www.chemspider.com/AdvancedSearch 5. https://web.chemdoodle.com/ 6. https://cds.dl.ac.uk/ 7. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/047084289X.ra001 8. https://chem.libretexts.org/Courses/Athabasca_University/Chemistry_350%3A_A_Organic_Chemistry_I/12%3A_Structure_Determination-Mass_Spectrometry_and_Infrared_Spectroscopy/12.02%3A_Interpreting_Mass_Spectra 9. https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Physical_and_Theoretical_Chemistry_Textbook_Maps/Supplemental_Modules_(Physical_and_Theoretical_Chemistry)/Spectroscopy/Magnetic_Resonance_Spectroscopies/Nuclear_Magnetic_Resonance/NMR%3A_Experimental/NMR_-_Interpretation 10. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2949747724000332 11. https://www.hyperwriteai.com/aitools/chemistry-assistant 12. https://www.chemicalai.cn/ 13. https://libguides.library.cityu.edu.hk/researchmethods/ethics#:~:text=Research%20ethics%20provides%20guidelines%20for%20the%20responsible,Honestly%20report%20data%2C%20results%2C%20methods%20and%20procedures%2C
Course Outcomes: Students will be able to: CO1: describe the fundamentals and scope for chemistry research CO2: plan, utilize the various sources of the research work and analyse the results CO3: draft a model research proposal CO4: interpret the spectra of chemical molecules CO5: employ various AI based tools and other tools for data collection	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 3	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO 5	M	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strong, M – Medium

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	14	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium

Board of Studies Date: 16.04.2025