SRI SARADA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS), Reaccredited with 'B++' Grade by NAAC Affiliated to Periyar University SALEM - 636 016



## **PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS**

## **OUTCOME BASED SYLLABUS**

## **B.Sc.** Physics

(For the students admitted in 2023-24)

(I, II, III & IV Semester)

#### **B.Sc., PHYSICS SYLLABUS**

#### Preamble

Physics is one of the basic and fundamental sciences. The curriculum for the graduate programme in Physics is revised as per the UGC guidelines on Learning Outcome based Course Framework. The learner-centric courses let the student progressively develop a deeper understanding of various aspects of physics.

The new curriculum offers courses in the core areas of mechanics, acoustics, optics and spectroscopy, electricity and magnetism, atomic and nuclear physics, solid state, electronics and other fields. The courses will train students with sound theoretical and experimental knowledge that suits the need of academics and industry. In addition to the theoretical course work, the students also learn physics laboratory methods for different branches of physics, specialized measurement techniques, analysis of observational data, including error estimation and etc. The students will have deeper understanding of laws of nature through the subjects like classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, statistical physics etc. The problem solving ability of students will be enhanced. The students can apply principles in physics to real life problems. The courses like integrated electronics and microprocessors will enhance the logical skills as well as employability skills. The numerical methods and mathematical physics for research.

The restructured courses with well-defined objectives and learning outcomes, provide guidance to prospective students in choosing the elective courses to broaden their skills not only in the field of physics but also in interdisciplinary areas. The elective modules of the framework offer students choice to gain knowledge and expertise in specialized domains of physics like astrophysics, medical physics, etc.

Programme	B.Sc., Physics
Programme Code	
Duration	3 years [UG]
Programme Outcomes: (These are mere guidelines. Faculty can create	<b>PO1: Disciplinary knowledge:</b> Capable of demonstrating comprehensive knowledge and understanding of one or more disciplines that form a part of an undergraduate programme of study
POs based on their curriculum or adopt from UGC or the University for their Programme)	<b>PO2: Communication Skills:</b> Ability to express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally communicate with others using appropriate media; confidently share one's views and express herself/himself; demonstrate the ability to listen carefully; read and write analytically and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups.
	<b>PO3: Critical thinking:</b> Capability to apply the analytic thought to a body of knowledge; analyse and evaluate the proofs, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of empirical evidences; identify relevant assumptions or implications; formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and theories by following scientific approach.
	<b>PO4: Problem solving:</b> Capacity to extrapolate from what one has learned and apply their competencies to solve different kinds of non-familiar problems, rather than replicate curriculum content knowledge; and apply one's learning to real life situations.
	<b>PO5: Analytical reasoning</b> : Ability to evaluate the reliability and relevance of evidence; identify logical flaws and holes in the arguments of others; analyze and synthesize data from a variety of sources; draw valid conclusions and support them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing viewpoints.
	<b>PO6: Research-related skills</b> : A sense of inquiry and capability for asking relevant/appropriate questions, problem arising, synthesising and articulating; Ability to recognise cause-and-effect relationships, define problems, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses, analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from data, establish hypotheses, predict cause-and-effect relationships; ability to plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation.
	<b>PO7: Cooperation/Team work:</b> Ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams; facilitate cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a group, and act together as a group or a team in the interests of a common cause and work efficiently as a member of a team.
	PO8: Scientific reasoning: Ability to analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from quantitative/

qualitative data; and critically evaluate ideas, evidence and experiences from an open-minded and reasoned perspective. **PO9: Reflective thinking:** Critical sensibility to lived experiences, with self-awareness and reflexivity of both self and society. **PO10 Information/digital literacy:** Capability to use ICT in a variety of learning situations, demonstrate ability to access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources; and use appropriate software for analysis of data. **PO 11 Self-directed learning**: Ability to work independently, identify appropriate resources required for a project, and manage a project through to completion. **PO 12 Multicultural competence:** Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective; and capability to effectively engage in a multicultural society and interact respectfully with diverse groups. **PO 13:** Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning: Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life, formulate a position/argument about an ethical issue from multiple perspectives, and use ethical practices in all work. Capable of demonstrating the ability to identify ethical issues related to one's work, avoid unethical behaviour such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism, not adhering to intellectual property rights; appreciating environmental and sustainability issues; and adopting objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects of work. **PO 14: Leadership readiness/qualities:** Capability for mapping out the tasks of a team or an organization, and

Capability for mapping out the tasks of a team or an organization, and setting direction, formulating an inspiring vision, building a team who can help achieve the vision, motivating and inspiring team members to engage with that vision, and using management skills to guide people to the right destination, in a smooth and efficient way.

#### PO 15: Lifelong learning:

Ability to acquire knowledge and skills, including "learning how to learn, that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life, through self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development, meeting economic, social and cultural objectives, and adapting to changing trades and demands of work place through knowledge/skill development/reskilling.

Programme	PSO1: Placement:
Specific	To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement
Outcomes:	with others' ideas, behaviors, and beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.
(These are mere	
guidelines. Faculty	PSO 2: Entrepreneur:
can create POs	To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking,
based on their	problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will
curriculum or adopt	facilitate start-ups and high potential organizations.
from UGC or	
University for their	PSO3: Research and Development:
Programme)	Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development.
	PSO4: Contribution to Business World:
	To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world.
	PSO 5: Contribution to the Society:
	To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.

### SRI SARADA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS), SALEM –16 PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS B.Sc PHYSICS Programme Structure Under CBCS

#### (For the Students Admitted in 2023-24) Total Credits: 140 + Extra credits (Maximum 28)

		SEMESTER – I			
Part	Course	Course Title	Code	No. of Hours	Credit
Ι	Language	Tamil –I / Hindi-I / Sanskrit-I	23ULTC1/ 23ULHC1/ 23ULSC1	6	3
II	English	English-I	23ULEC1	6	3
III	Core Course -I	Properties of Matter and Sound	23UPHCC1	5	5
III	Core Course -II	Properties of Matter- Practical	23UPHCCQ1	4	3
III	Generic Elective-I	Chemistry-I	23UPHGEC1	3	3
		Chemistry Practical-I	23UPHGECQ1	2	2
IV	Skill Enhancement Course	NME: Physics for Everyday life	23UPHSEC1	2	2
IV	Skill Enhancement (Foundation Course)	Introductory Physics	23UPHSEFC	2	2
			Total	30	23
V	-	Fixation skills stice – 35 Hours per semes ourse in Renewable energy		Audit	
	-	Course 100 hours per yea	-	huun	

Part	Course	Course Title	Code	No. of Hours	Credit
		Tamil –II /	23ULTC2/	6	3
Ι	Language	Hindi-II /	23ULHC2/		
		Sanskrit-II	23ULSC2		
Π	English	English-II	23ULEC2	6	3
III	Core Course -III	Heat, Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics	23UPHCC2	5	5
III	Core Course -IV	Heat, Sound, Light and Basic Electronics- Practical	23UPHCCQ2	4	3
III	Generic Elective –II	Chemistry-II	23UPHGEC2	3	3
		Chemistry Practical-II	23UPHGECQ2	2	2
IV	Skill Enhancement Course –II	NME: Home Electrical Installation	23UPHSEC2	2	2
IV	Skill Enhancement Course -III	IKS: Inherited Indian Knowledge in Astronomy	23UPHSEC3	2	2
			Total	30	23
V		dea Fixation skills Practice – 35 Hours per seme	ester		
	_	a course in Renewable energ cate Course 100 hours per ye		Audit	

Part	Courses	Course Title	Code	No. of Hours	Credit
Ι	Language	Tamil – III / Hindi – III / Sanskrit – III	23ULTC3 / 23ULHC3/ 23ULSC3	6	3
II	English	English – III	23ULEC3	6	3
III	Core Course – V	General Mechanics and Classical Mechanics	23UPHCC3	6	5
III	Core Course – VI	Light, Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics – Practical	23UPHCCQ3	3	3
III	Generic Elective – III	Theory of Equations & Differential Calculus	23UPHGEC3	5	5
IV	Skill Enhancement Course – IV	Digital Photography (Entrepreneurial Skill)	23UPHSEC4	1	1
IV	Skill Enhancement Course – V	Computational methods and Programming in C	23UPHSEC5	2	2
IV	E.V.S	Environmental Studies	23UEVSC	1	-
		Total		30	22
V	• Physical Fit	and Idea Fixation skills ness Practice – 35 Hours per ser Renewable energy management			

#### **METHOD OF EVALUATION:**

### Theory:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total	Grade
30	70	100	

### Practical:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total	Grade
40	60	100	

## PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

#### **B.Sc PHYSICS**

#### **Programme Structure Under CBCS**

#### (For the Students Admitted in 2024-25)

#### Total Credits: 140 + Extra credits (Maximum 28)

	SEMESTER IV					
Part	Course	Course Title	Code	No. of Hours	Credits	
Ι	Language	Tamil –IV/ Hindi-IV / Sanskrit- IV	23ULTC4/ 23ULHC4/ 23ULSC4	6	3	
II	English	English-IV	23ULEC4	6	3	
III	Core Course -VII	Optics and Spectroscopy	23UPHCC4	5	5	
III	Core Course -VIII	Core Course -VIII Optics and Electronics - Practical 23UPHCCQ4				
		Integral Calculus and Laplace Transform	23UPHGEC4	3	3	
III	Generic Elective-IV	Theory of equations and Laplace Transform using sage math - Practical	23UPHMGECQ	2	2	
IV	Skill Enhancement Course - VI	SkillElectronicEnhancementDevices23UPHSEC6		2	2	
IV	Skill Enhancement Course - VII	Communication Systems	23UPHSEC7	2	2	
V	EVS	Environmental Studies	23UEVSC	1	2	
Total				30	25	
V		nd Idea Fixation skills ss Practice – 35 Hours per se	emester			
	Level - 2: Diplom	<ul> <li>Advanced diploma course in Renewable energy management and Audit Level - 2: Diploma Course 100 hours per year</li> <li>Extra credits are given for extra skills and courses qualified in MOOC/NPTEL</li> </ul>				

SEMESTER – I								
Course	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHCC1	PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND SOUND	Core	4	1	-	5	5	70
COURSE OBJECTIVES					It, give etween this co	es us the ourse		

UNITS	COURSE DETAILS
UNIT-I	<b>ELASTICITY:</b> Hooke's law – stress-strain diagram – elastic constants – Poisson's ratio – relation between elastic constants and Poisson's ratio – work done in stretching and twisting a wire – twisting couple on a cylinder – rigidity modulus by static torsion– torsional pendulum (with and without masses)
UNIT-II	<b>BENDING OF BEAMS:</b> Cantilever – expression for Bending moment – expression for depression at the loaded end of the cantilever– oscillations of a cantilever – expression for time period – experiment to find Young's modulus – non-uniform bending– experiment to determine Young's modulus by Koenig's method – uniform bending – expression for elevation – experiment to determine Young's modulus using microscope
UNIT-III	<b>FLUID DYNAMICS:</b> <i>Surface tension</i> : definition – molecular forces– excess pressure over curved surface – application to spherical and cylindrical drops and bubbles – determination of surface tension by Jaegar's method–variation of surface tension with temperature <i>Viscosity</i> : definition – streamline and turbulent flow – rate of flow of liquid in a capillary tube – Poiseuille's formula –corrections – terminal velocity and Stoke's formula– variation of viscosity with temperature.
UNIT-IV	<b>WAVES AND OSCILLATIONS:</b> Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) – differential equation of SHM – graphical representation of SHM – composition of two SHM in a straight line and at right angles – Lissajous's figures- free, damped, forced vibrations –resonance and Sharpness of resonance. Laws of transverse vibration in strings –sonometer – determination of AC frequency using sonometer –determination of frequency using Melde's string Apparatus.

UNIT-V	ACOUSTICS OF BUILDINGS AND ULTRASONICS: Intensity of sound – decibel – loudness of sound – reverberation – Sabine's reverberation formula – acoustic intensity – factors affecting the acoustics of buildings. <i>Ultrasonic waves</i> : production of ultrasonic waves – Piezoelectric crystal method – magnetostriction effect – application of ultrasonic waves.					
TEXT BOOK	<ol> <li>D.S. Mathur, 2010, Elements of Properties of Matter, S. Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>BrijLal &amp; N. Subrahmanyam, 2003, Properties of Matter, S. Chand &amp; Co</li> <li>D.R.Khanna &amp; R.S.Bedi, 1969, Textbook of Sound, AtmaRam&amp; sons</li> <li>Brij Lal and N. Subrahmanyam, 1995, A Text Book of Sound, Second revised edition, Vikas Publishing House.</li> <li>R. Murugesan, 2012, Properties of Matter, S. Chand &amp; Co.</li> </ol>					
REFERENCI BOOKS	<ol> <li>C.J. Smith, 1960, General Properties of Matter, Orient Longman Publishers</li> <li>H.R. Gulati, 1977, Fundamental of General Properties of Matter, Fifth edition, R. Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>A.P French, 1973, Vibration and Waves, MIT Introductory Physics, Arnold-Heinmann India.</li> </ol>					
WEBLINKS	<ol> <li>https://www.biolinscientific.com/blog/what-are-surfactants-and-how- do-they-work</li> <li>http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/permot2.html</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gT8Nth9NWPM</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m4u-SuaSu1s&amp;t=3s</li> <li>https://www.biolinscientific.com/blog/what-are-surfactants-and-how- do-they-work</li> <li>https://learningtechnologyofficial.com/category/fluid-mechanics-lab/</li> <li>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104026/</li> </ol>					
	Board of Studies Date :02.05.2023					

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

	CO1	Relate elastic behavior in terms of three moduli of elasticity and working of torsion pendulum.
COURSE OUTCOMES	CO2	Able to appreciate concept of bending of beams and analyze the expression, quantify and understand nature of materials.
	CO3	Explain the surface tension and viscosity of fluid and support the interesting phenomena associated with liquid surface; soap films provide an analogue solution to many engineering problems.

CO4	Analyze simple harmonic motions mathematically and apply them. Understand the concept of resonance and use it to evaluate the frequency of vibration. Set up experiment to evaluate frequency of ac mains
CO5	Understand the concept of acoustics, importance of constructing buildings with good acoustics. Able to apply their knowledge of ultrasonics in real life, especially in medical field and assimilate different methods of production of ultrasonic waves.

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course out comes (CO) for each course with program out comes (PO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	<b>PO10</b>
CO1	S	S	М	М	S	М	М	S	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	М

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUT COMES:

Map Course Outcomes (CO) for each course with Program Specific Outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	М	М	S
CO2	S	М	S	S	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	М	М	S	М	S

CODE         23UPHCCQ1           CREDITS         3           HOURS         4           COURSE         Apply various physics concepts to understand Properties of Matter, set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results           Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)           1         Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.           2.         Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.           4.         Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.           5.         Verification of Prometria areas theorem on moment of inertia.           6.         Determination of Moment of inertia and guing Biflar pendulum.           7.         Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.           8.         Verification of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           10.         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method           13.         Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.           15.         Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           16.         Determination of viscosity by Stokes' method.           17.         Determination of viscosity by Stokes' method.           18.         Determination of viscosity by Stokes' method.	COURSE	FIRST SEMESTER – CORE COURSE-II
CREDITS         3           HOURS         4           COURSE OBJECTIVES         Apply various physics concepts to understand Properties of Matter, set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results           Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)         Image: Concept Stress S	COURSETITLE	Properties of Matter -Practical
HOURS       4         COURSE OBJECTIVES       Apply various physics concepts to understand Properties of Matter, set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results         Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)       Image: Constant Science S	CODE	23UPHCCQ1
COURSE OBJECTIVES         Apply various physics concepts to understand Properties of Matter, set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results           Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)         Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)           1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.         Determination of rigidity modulus without masse using Torsional pendulum.           3. Determination of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.         Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.           6. Determination of Hook's law by stretching of wire with known masses.         Verification of Porug's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.           10. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.         Settle tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           14. Determination of origidity modulus by Static torsion.         Settle tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           15. Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.         Determination of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.           18. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method. <th>CREDITS</th> <th>3</th>	CREDITS	3
OBJECTIVES         Apply Various physics concepts to understand Properties of Matter, set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results           Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)           I. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.           2. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.           4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.           5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.           6. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.           8. Verification of Pools's law by stretching of wire with known masses.           8. Verification of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.           10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.           15. Determination of of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           13. Determination of of using's randulus by static torsion.           15. Determination of viscosity by Stokes' method.           16. Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           17. Determination of viscosity by Poiseulite's flow method.	HOURS	4
OBJECTIVES         set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results           Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)         .           1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.         .           2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.         .           3. Determination of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.         .           5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.         .           6. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.         8.           8. Verification of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.         10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending – scale & telescope.           11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.         12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method           13. Determination of Young's modulus by Katic torsion.         15. Determination of ryung's modulus by Katic torsion.           15. Determination of origidity modulus by Static torsion.         15. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.           19. Determination of origidity prosure for streamline flow.         19. Determination of roisson's ratio of rubber tube.           10. Determination of viscosity by Poiscullic's flow method.         16. Determination of roisson's ratio of rubber tube.           10. Determination of critica	COURSE	Apply verices physics concepts to understand Properties of Motter
to do error analysis and correlate results         It of a error analysis and correlate results         Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)         It Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.         Determination of rigidity modulus without masse using Torsional pendulum.         Determination of origidity modulus without masse using Torsional pendulum.         Determination of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.         Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.         Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.         Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.         Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.         Verification of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method         Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.         Determination of Young's modulus by stretching is method.         Determination of Young's modulus by tore nethod.         Determination of Young's modulus by stretching.         Determination of vigidity modulus by stretching is method.         Determination of Young's modulus by tore nethod.         Determination of vigidity modulus by strete method.         Determinatio	OBJECTIVES	
Properties of Matter (Any 8 of the below list)           1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.           2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.           3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.           4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.           5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.           6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.           7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.           8. Verification of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.           10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.           13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.           15. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.           16. Determination of aurface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.           17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.           18. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method.           19. Determination of rosisty by Poisculie's flow method.           10. Determination of g capillary tube by mercury pellet method.           12. Determination of g		
(Any 8 of the below list)1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.15. Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.16. Determination of surface tension & withe the.17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.18. Determination of roitical pressure for streamline flow.19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.21. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.22. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.23. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.24. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.25. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.26. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.27. Determination of viscosity by Poiseulli		
(Any 8 of the below list)1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.15. Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.16. Determination of surface tension & withe the.17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.18. Determination of roitical pressure for streamline flow.19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.21. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.22. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.23. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.24. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.25. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.26. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.27. Determination of viscosity by Poiseulli		
(Any 8 of the below list)1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.15. Determination of surface tension & interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.16. Determination of surface tension & withe the.17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.18. Determination of roitical pressure for streamline flow.19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.21. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.22. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.23. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.24. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.25. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.26. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.27. Determination of viscosity by Poiseulli		Proportion of Mottor
<ul> <li>2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.</li> <li>3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.</li> <li>4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.</li> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>16. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of roisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> </ul> <b>BOOKS FOR STUDY</b> <ul> <li>1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> </ul>		•
<ul> <li>2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.</li> <li>3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.</li> <li>4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.</li> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>16. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of roisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> </ul> <b>BOOKS FOR STUDY</b> <ul> <li>1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> </ul>	1. Determination of	rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.
<ul> <li>4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.</li> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by Koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>16. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>23. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>24. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>24. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>24. B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ul>	2. Determination of	rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.
<ul> <li>5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.</li> <li>6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.</li> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>14. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method.</li> <li>15. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>23. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>24. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.</li> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>14. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of y using compound pendulum.</li> <li>11. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.</li> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending – scale &amp; telescope.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>14. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>23. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>24. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>24. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>24. Besc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.</li> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending – scale &amp; telescope.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of zo capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>23. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>24. A text book of Practical Physics - C. C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>24. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending – load depression graph.</li> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending – scale &amp; telescope.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>23. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>24. A text book of Practical Physics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>23. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>24. BEFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending – scale &amp; telescope.</li> <li>11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>11. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>22. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ol> <li>Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – load depression graph.</li> <li>Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>Determination of Young's modulus by Koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>Petermination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>BSC Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ol>		
<ul> <li>12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever – oscillation method</li> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by Koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>11. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>13. Determination of Young's modulus by Koenig's method – (or unknown load)</li> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>11. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>22. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.</li> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>11. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>22. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.</li> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>a text book of Practical Physics - C. C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li>REFERENCE BOOKS</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>16. Determination of surface tension &amp; interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.</li> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li>and the pendulum.</li> <li>and the pendulum.</li> <li>bettermination of the pendulum.</li> <li>and the pendulum.</li> <li>and the pendulum.</li> <li>bettermination of the pendulum.</li> <li>construction of the pendulum.</li> <li>bettermination of the pendulum.</li> <li>construction of the pendulum.</li> <li>bettermination of the pendulum.</li> <li>better</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method – terminal velocity.</li> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li><b>1</b>. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li><b>REFERENCE</b></li> <li><b>BOOKS</b></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.</li> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li><b>BOOKS FOR</b> <b>STUDY</b></li> <li>1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li><b>REFERENCE</b> <b>BOOKS</b></li> <li><b>B.</b>Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.</li> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of y using compound pendulum.</li> <li><b>BOOKS FOR</b> <b>STUDY</b></li> <li>1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li><b>REFERENCE</b> <b>BOOKS</b></li> <li><b>B.</b>Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ul>		•••
<ul> <li>20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.</li> <li>21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.</li> <li>22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.</li> <li><b>BOOKS FOR</b> <b>STUDY</b></li> <li>1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> <li><b>REFERENCE</b> <b>BOOKS</b></li> <li>B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).</li> </ul>		1
21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.22. Determination of g using compound pendulum. <b>BOOKS FOR</b> STUDY1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014). <b>REFERENCE</b> BOOKSB.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).		
22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.         BOOKS FOR STUDY         1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).         2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).         REFERENCE BOOKS         B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).		
BOOKS FOR STUDYVijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).REFERENCE BOOKSB.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).	22. Determination of	g using compound pendulum.
BOOKS FOR STUDYVijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).REFERENCE BOOKSB.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).		1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V.
BOOKS FOR STUDY2. A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).REFERENCE BOOKSB.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).	DUUKEEUD	
REFERENCE BOOKSB.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).		
BOOKS	STUDY	Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).
		B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).
Board of Studies Date: 02.05.2023	BOOKS	
		Board of Studies Date: 02.05.2023

CO Number						
CO1	<b>Recall</b> the concepts behind various physics experiments.	$K_1$				
CO2	<b>Relate</b> various properties of matter with their behaviour and connect them with different physical parameters involved	K <sub>2</sub>				
CO3	<b>Determine</b> the elastic properties of materials through experimental procedures.	<b>K</b> <sub>3</sub>				
CO4	Measure different physical parameters with maximum Accuracy	<b>K</b> <sub>3</sub>				
CO5	Apply theoretical knowledge to analyze experimental data	<b>K</b> <sub>4</sub>				

#### Outcomes: On completion of the course, students should be able to

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course out comes (CO) for each course with program out comes (PO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	Μ	М	S	М	М	S	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	Μ	S	М	S	S
CO3	S	М	S	Μ	S	S	М	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	Μ	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	М

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUT COMES:

Map Course Outcomes (CO) for each course with Program Specific Outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	S	S	М	М	S
CO2	S	М	S	S	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	М	М	S	М	S

Title of the	CHEMISTRY- I									
Course		(FOR PHYSICS)								
Paper No.				Generic	Elec	tive - I				
Category	Generic	Year	Ι	C I'	2	Course				
	Course	Semester	Ι	Credits	3	Code	23UPHGEC1			
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Pract	ice	I	Total			
hours per week	3	-		-			3			
Prerequisites	Higher se	Higher secondary chemistry								
Objectives of	This cours	se aims to pro	ovic	le knowled	ge o	n the				
the course	• ba	asics of atomi	c o	orbitals, che	emica	al bonds, hybr	idization			
	• co	oncepts of the	rm	odynamics	and	its application	18			
	• co	oncepts of nuc	clea	ar chemistr	у					
	• in	nportance of o	che	mical indu	stries	5				
	• q	ualitative and	an	alytical me	thod	8				
Course Outline					UN	IT I				
	Chemica	al Bonding a	nd	Nuclear C	hem	istry				
	Chemica	l Bonding: N	Mol	lecular Orb	oital	Theory-bondi	ng, antibonding and non-			
	bonding	orbitals. Mol	leci	ular orbital	diag	grams for Hyc	lrogen, Helium, Nitrogen;			
		on of bond or		-	-	-				
							es, Isobars, Isotones and			
							nuclear reactions - group			
							ect – calculations; Nuclear energy. Applications of			
							nal applications.			
	UNIT II Industrial Chamistry									
	<b>Industrial Chemistry</b> Fuels: Fuel gases: natural gas, water gas, semi water gas, carburated water gas									
	Fuels: Fuel gases: natural gas, water gas, semi water gas, carbureted water gas, producer gas, CNG, LPG and oil gas (manufacturing details not required).									
	Silicones: Synthesis, properties and uses of silicones.									
							ate, NPK fertilizer,			
	superpho	osphate, triple	e su	perphosph	ate.					
	UNIT III									
	Fundamental Concepts in Organic Chemistry									
							metry of CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>			
	Hybridization: Orbital overlap, hybridization and geometry of $CH_4$ , $C_2H_4$ , $C_2H_2$ and $C_6H_6$ . Electronic effects: Inductive effect and consequences on ka and kb of									
							perconjugation and steric-			
	-	examples.								
							ticity (Huckel's rule) -			
		-				-	genation, Friedel- Craft's			
	-	•	101	h. Heterocy	clic	compounds:	Preparation, properties of			
	pyrrole a	nd pyridine.								

UNIT IV Thermodynamics and Phase Equilibria Thermodynamics: Types of systems, reversible and irreversible processes, isothermal and adiabatic processes and spontaneous processes. Statements of first law and second law of thermodynamics. Carnot's cycle and efficiency of heat engine. Entropy and its significance. Free energy change and its importance (no derivation). Conditions for spontaneity in terms of entropy and Gibbs free energy. Relationship between Gibbs free energy and entropy. Phase Equilibria: Phase rule - definition of terms in it. Applications of phase rule to water system. Two component system - Reduced phase rule and its application to a simple eutectic system (Pb-Ag).
UNIT V Analytical Chemistry Introduction to qualitative and quantitative analysis. Principles of volumetric analysis. Separation and purification techniques – extraction, distillation and crystallization. Chromatography: principle and applications of column, paper and thin layer chromatography.

Τ

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours).
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	<ol> <li>Veeraiyan, V, <i>Text book of Ancillary Chemistry;</i> High mount publishing house, Chennai, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., 2009.</li> <li>Vaithyanathan, S, <i>Text book of Ancillary Chemistry</i>; Priya Publications, Karur, 2006.</li> <li>Arun Bahl, S, Bahl, B.S, <i>Advanced Organic Chemistry;</i> S. Chand and Company, New Delhi, 23<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2012.</li> <li>Soni, P. L, Chawla, H, M, <i>Text Book of Organic Chemistry;</i> Sultan Chand &amp; sons, New Delhi, 29<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2007.</li> </ol>

Reference	5. Soni, P. L, Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic chemistry; Sultan Chand and				
Books	Company, New Delhi, 20th Ed., 2007.				
	6. Puri, B.R, Sharma, L.R, & Pathania, M.S, Textbook Physical Chemistry;				
	Vishal Publishing Co., New Delhi, 47 <sup>th</sup> Ed., 2018.				
	7. Sharma, B.K, Industrial Chemistry, GOEL publishing house, Meerut, 19th Ed.,				
	2014.				
Course Outcome	s				
On completion of	the course the students should be able to				
CO1: gain in-dept	h knowledge about the theories of chemical bonding, nuclear reactions and its				
applications					
CO2: evaluate the	efficiencies and uses of various fuels and fertilizers				
CO3: explain the t	type of hybridization, electronic effect and mechanism involved in the organic				
reactions.					
CO4: apply various thermodynamic principles, systems and phase rule.					
CO5: explain var	ious methods to identify an appropriate method for the separation of chemical				
components					

	CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL- I (Physics)									
Generic Elective-I – Chemistry Practical -I										
Generi	Year	Ι	Credit	2	Course	23UPHGECQ1				
c Course	Semester	Ι			Code					
Lecture	Tutoria	l	Lab Pr	actio	ce	Total				
-	-		2	2		2				
Higher Secor	ndary Chemis	try								
• basics	<ul> <li>This course aims to provide knowledge on the</li> <li>basics of preparation of solutions.</li> <li>principles and practical experience of volumetric analysis.</li> </ul>									
<ol> <li>2. Estimation</li> <li>3. Estimation</li> <li>4. Estimation</li> <li>5. Estimation</li> <li>6. Estimation</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Estimation of sodium hydroxide using standard sodium carbonate.</li> <li>Estimation of hydrochloric acid using standard oxalic acid.</li> <li>Estimation of ferrous sulphate using standard Mohr's salt.</li> <li>Estimation of oxalic acid using standard ferrous sulphate.</li> <li>Estimation of potassium permanganate using standard sodium hydroxide.</li> <li>Estimation of magnesium using EDTA.</li> </ol>									
	Venkateswaran, V, Veerasamy, R, Kulandaivelu, A.R, <i>Basic Principles of</i> <i>Practical Chemistry</i> ; Sultan Chand & sons, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1997.									
	c Course Lecture Higher Secon This course a • basics • princi 1. Estimation 2. Estimation 3. Estimation 4. Estimation 5. Estimation 6. Estimation 7. Estimation	Centern       Semester         Course       Tutorial         Lecture       Tutorial         -       -         Higher Secondary Chemis         This course aims to provide         •       basics of preparation         •       principles and praction         1. Estimation of sodium hy         2. Estimation of ferrous surface         4. Estimation of ferrous surface         5. Estimation of potassium         6. Estimation of ferrous ion         7. Estimation of ferrous ion         Venkateswaran, V, Veeraa         Practical Chemistry; Sulta	Generic       Semester       I         c       Semester       I         Lecture       Tutorial         -       -         Higher Secondary Chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         This course aims to provide know         •       basics of preparation of secondary chemistry         1. Estimation of sodium hydroxi         2. Estimation of hydrochloric act         3. Estimation of potassium permistry         6. Estimation of potassium permistry         6. Estimation of ferrous ion using         7. Estimation of ferrous ion using         Venkateswaran, V, Veerasamy,         Practical Chemistry; Sultan Champione	Generic       Semester       I       Credit         c       Semester       I       I         Lecture       Tutorial       Lab Pr         -       -       2         Higher Secondary Chemistry       This course aims to provide knowledge on • basics of preparation of solutions.       • principles and practical experience         •       principles and practical experience       Volumetric a         1. Estimation of sodium hydroxide using s       3. Estimation of ferrous sulphate using state         4. Estimation of of agnesium permanganate       6. Estimation of potassium permanganate         6. Estimation of ferrous ion using dipheny         Venkateswaran, V, Veerasamy, R, Kulan         Practical Chemistry; Sultan Chand & son	Generic       Credit       2         Course       I       Credit       2         Lecture       Tutorial       Lab Practic         -       -       2         Higher Secondary Chemistry       This course aims to provide knowledge on the • basics of preparation of solutions.       •         • principles and practical experience of v       Volumetric analys         1. Estimation of sodium hydroxide using standard       2         Stimation of potassium permanganate using       6. Estimation of potassium permanganate using       6. Estimation of ferrous ion using diphenyl am         Venkateswaran, V, Veerasamy, R, Kulandaive Practical Chemistry; Sultan Chand & sons, 2 <sup>m</sup>	Generic       Semester       I       Credit       2       Code         Course       Tutorial       Lab Practice       Code         Lecture       Tutorial       Lab Practice       Code         -       -       2       Code         Higher Secondary Chemistry       Valuetric analysis       Columetric analysis         1. Estimation of preparation of solutions.       principles and practical experience of volumetric a         Volumetric analysis       Standard oxalic a         3. Estimation of hydrochloric acid using standard oxalic a       Standard oxalic acid using standard ferrous sulphate         5. Estimation of potassium permanganate using standard ferrous sulphat       Standard ferrous sulphat         6. Estimation of ferrous ion using diphenyl amine as indic         Venkateswaran, V, Veerasamy, R, Kulandaivelu, A.R, Ba         Practical Chemistry; Sultan Chand & sons, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1997				

On successful completion of the course the students should be able to

**CO1:** gain an understanding of the use of standard flask and volumetric pipettes, burette.

**CO2:** design, carry out, record and interpret the results of volumetric titration.

**CO3:** apply their skill in the analysis of water /hardness.

**CO4:** analyze the chemical constituents in allied chemical products.

SEMESTER : I								
Course	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHSEC1	NME: PHYSICS FOR EVERYDAY LIFE	Skill Enhancement Course	2	-	-	2	2	70

	PHYSICS FOR EVERYDAY LIFE									
life and app	<b>bjective:</b> To know where all physics principles have been put to use in daily reciate the concepts with a better understanding also to know about Indian no have made significant contributions to Physics									
UNITS	NITS COURSE DETAILS									
UNIT-I	MECHANICS Motion, Force and Newton's laws-momentum-Circular motion – Gravitation-Planetary motion –Rotational Motion –Earth Satellites – Communication Satellites									
UNIT-II	<b>OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS AND LASER:</b> Vision corrective lenses – polaroid glasses – UV protective glass – polaroid camera – colour photography – holography and laser.									
UNIT-III	PHYSICS OF HOME APPLIANCES: bulb – fan – hair drier – television – air conditioners – microwave ovens – vacuum cleaners									
UNIT-IV	<b>SOLAR ENERGY:</b> Solar constant – General applications of solar energy – Solar water heaters – Solar Photo – voltaic cells – General applications of solar cells.									
UNIT-V	<b>INDIAN PHYSICIST AND THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS:</b> C.V.Raman, Homi Jehangir Bhabha, Vikram Sarabhai, Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar, Venkatraman Ramakrishnan, Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam and their contribution to science and technology.									
TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>The Physics in our Daily Lives, Umme Ammara, Gugucool Publishing, Hyderabad, 2019.</li> <li>For the love of physics, Walter Lawin, Free Press, New York, 2011.</li> </ol>									
	Board of Studies Date: 02.05.2023									

SEMESTER - I											
Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks				
23UPHSEFC	INTRODUCTORY PHYSICS	Foundation Course	2	-	-	2	2	70			
COURSE OBJECTIVES	To help students get an overview of Physics before learning their core courses. To serve as a bridge between the school curriculum and the degree programme.										
UNITS		COURSE DET	AIL	S							
UNIT-I	vectors, scalars –examples for scalars and vectors from physical quantities – addition, subtraction of vectors – resolution and resultant of vectors – units and dimensions– standard physics constants										
UNIT-II	different types of forces–gravitational, electrostatic, magnetic, electromagnetic, nuclear –mechanical forces like, centripetal, centrifugal, friction, tension, cohesive, adhesive forces										
UNIT-III	different forms of energy– conservation laws of momentum, energy – types of collisions –angular momentum– alternate energy sources–real life examples										
UNIT-IV	types of motion– linear, projectile, circular, angular, simple harmonic motions – satellite motion – banking of a curved roads – stream line and turbulent motions – wave motion – comparison of light and sound waves – free, forced, damped oscillations										
UNIT-V	surface tension – shape lubricants – capillary flow and types of materials in and electric	w – diffusion – re	al lif	e exa	ample	es-p	ropertie	es			
TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>D.S. Mathur, 2010, El</li> <li>Brij Lal &amp; N. Subrahr &amp; Co.</li> </ol>	-									
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. H.R. Gulati, 1977, Fu Fifth edition, S. Chan		neral	Prop	pertie	es of ]	Matter,				
WEBLINKS	<ol> <li>http://hyperphysics.phy- astr.gsu.edu/hbase/permot2.htmlhttps://science.nasa.gov/ems/</li> <li>https://eesc.columbia.edu/courses/ees/climate/lectures/radiation_hays/</li> </ol>										
	Board of Studies	s Date: 02.05.202	23								

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

	CO1	Apply concept of vectors to understand concepts of Physics and solve problems
COURSE OUTCOMES	CO2	Appreciate different forces present in Nature while learning about phenomena related to these different forces.
	CO3	Quantify energy in different process and relate momentum, velocity and energy
	CO4	Differentiate different types of motions they would encounter in various courses and understand their basis
	CO5	Relate various properties of matter with their behaviour and connect them with different physical parameters involved.

#### MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	<b>PO10</b>
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	Μ	М
CO3	S	S	S	Μ	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	Μ	S

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUT COMES:

Map Course Outcomes (CO) for each course with Program Specific Outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW (L).

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S	S	М	М	S
CO2	S	М	S	S	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	М	М	S	М	S

SEMESTER: II											
Course	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks			
23UPHCC2	HEAT, THERMODYNAMICS AND STATISTICAL PHYSICS	Core	4	1	-	5	5	70			
COURSE OBJECTIVES	in Celsius, Kelvin and Fahren explanation of transmission of h the laws of thermodynamics, en	The course focuses to understand a basic in conversion of temperature in Celsius, Kelvin and Fahrenheit scales. Practical exhibition and explanation of transmission of heat in good and bad conductor. Relate the laws of thermodynamics, entropy in everyday life and explore the knowledge of statistical mechanics and its relation									

UNITS	COURSE DETAILS
UNIT-I	<b>CALORIMETRY:</b> specific heat capacity – specific heat capacity of gases $C_P$ & $C_V$ – Meyer's relation – Joly's method for determination of $C_V$ – Regnault's method for determination of $C_P$ <b>LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS:</b> Joule-Kelvin effect – porous plug experiment – Joule-Thomson effect – Boyle temperature – temperature of inversion – liquefaction of gas by Linde's Process – adiabatic demagnetisation.
UNIT-II	<b>THERMODYNAMICS-I:</b> Zeroth law and first law of thermodynamics – P-V diagram – heat engine –efficiency of heat engine (problems)– Carnot's engine, construction, working and efficiency of petrol engine and diesel engines – comparison of engines.
UNIT-III	<b>THERMODYNAMICS-II:</b> second law of thermodynamics –entropy of an ideal gas – entropy change in reversible and irreversible processes – T-S diagram – thermodynamical scale of temperature – Maxwell's thermodynamical relations – Clasius-Clapeyron's equation (first latent heat equation) – third law of thermodynamics – unattainability of absolute zero – heat death- Entropy change in different phases – Problems.
UNIT-IV	<b>HEAT TRANSFER:</b> modes of heat transfer: conduction, convection and radiation. <i>Conduction</i> : thermal conductivity – determination of thermal conductivity of a good conductor by Forbe's method – determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's disc method. <i>Radiation</i> : black body radiation (Ferry's method) – distribution of energy in black body radiation – Wien's law and Rayleigh Jean's law –Planck's law of radiation – Stefan's law – deduction of Newton's law of cooling from Stefan's law.

UNIT-V	<b>STATISTICAL MECHANICS:</b> definition of phase-space – micro and macro states – ensembles –different types of ensembles – classical and quantum Statistics – Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics – expression for distribution function – Bose-Einstein statistics – expression for distribution function – Fermi-Dirac statistics – expression for distribution function – fermi-Dirac								
BOOKS FOR STUI	Nound Kedharnaath Publish & Co Meeruf								
REFEREN BOOKS	$\int dr $								
WEBLINK	<ul> <li>1. <u>https://youtu.be/M_5KYncYNyc</u></li> <li>2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4M72kQulGKk&amp;vl=en</u></li> </ul>								
	Board of Studies Date: 02.11.2023								

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COURSE OUTCOMES	CO1	Acquires knowledge on how to distinguish between temperature and heat. Introduce him/her to the field of thermometry and explain practical measurements of high temperature as well as low temperature physics. Student identifies the relationship between heat capacity, specific heat capacity. The study of Low temperature Physics sets the basis for the students to understand cryogenics, superconductivity, super fluidity and Condensed Matter Physics.
	CO2	Derive the efficiency of Carnot's engine. Discuss the implications of the laws of Thermodynamics in diesel and petrol engines
	CO3	Able to analyze performance of thermodynamic systems viz efficiency by problems. Gets an insight into thermodynamic properties like enthalpy, entropy

CO4	Study the process of thermal conductivity and apply it to good and bad conductors. Quantify different parameters related to heat, relate them with various physical parameters and analyse them
CO5	Interpret classical statistics concepts such as phase space, ensemble, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law. Develop the statistical interpretation of Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac. Apply to quantum particles such as photon and electron

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW (L).

	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	Μ	М	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	М	S	М

SEMESTER: I	I			-				
Course	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHCCQ2	Heat, Sound, Light and Basic Electronics-Practical	Core	1	-	3	3	4	60
COURSE OBJECTIVESThe aim of the course is to gain practical knowledge to explore the concepts involved in heat, sound, light and electronics.								
	Heat, Sound, Light and (Any Eight of th		onics	5				

- 1. Specific heat capacity of solid by the method of mixtures- Half-time correction.
- 2. Thermal conductivity of a bad conductor- Lee's disc.
- 3. Sonometer- Frequency of Tuning fork
- 4. Sonometer- AC frequency (Steel and Brass wire)
- 5. Focal length of long focus convex lens U-V method, Conjugate foci method and combination method.
- 6. Spectrometer -Refractive index- Solid prism
- 7. Study of AND, OR and NOT gates using discrete components.
- 8. Characteristics of Zener diode.
- 9. Mirror Galvanometer- Current and voltage sensitiveness.
- 10. To verify the laws of Transverse vibration using Melde's apparatus.

BOOKS FOR STUDY	<ol> <li>Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, V. Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).</li> <li>A text book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sultan Chand and Sons (2014).</li> </ol>
REFERENCE BOOKS	B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995).
	Board of Studies Date: 02.11.2023

CO Number	CO Statement	Knowledge Level
CO1	<b>Determine</b> various physical quantities by applying the principles of physics	K1
CO2	Construct basic digital circuits using discrete components	$K_2$
CO3	<b>Apply</b> knowledge of optics to explain the principles and applications of spectrometers.	K3
CO4	Gain hands-on experience with equipment such as thermometers and calorimeters	K3
CO5	<b>Examine</b> the properties of sound waves through laboratory experiments	$K_4$

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, students should be able to

#### MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-point scale f STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	<b>PO10</b>
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO2	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	Μ	Μ	М
CO3	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	М
CO5	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUT COMES:

Map Course Outcomes (CO) for each course with Program Specific Outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (S), MEDIUM (M) and LOW(L).

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
<del>CO1</del>	<del>S</del>	<del>S</del>	M	M	<del>S</del>
<del>CO2</del>	<del>2</del>	M	<del>S</del>	<del>S</del>	M
<del>CO3</del>	<del>S</del>	M	<del>S</del>	M	<del>S</del>
<del>CO</del> 4	<del>2</del>	<del>2</del>	<del>S</del>	<del>S</del>	<del>S</del>
<del>C05</del>	M	M	<del>S</del>	M	<del>S</del>

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY-II (FOR PHYSICS)										
Course No.	Elective -II (GE)										
Category	Generic Elective	Year Semester	I II	Credits	3	Course Code 23UPHGE0					
Instructional	Lecture	Tutorial	L	ab Practic	e		Total				
hours per week	3	-		-			3				
Prerequisites	Chemistry	for physical	scienc	ces -I							
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>This course aims at providing knowledge on the</li> <li>Co-ordination Chemistry and Water Technology</li> <li>Carbohydrates and Amino acids</li> <li>Basics and types of polymers</li> <li>Basics and applications of kinetics and catalysis</li> <li>Various photochemical phenomenon</li> </ul>										
Course	UNIT I						15 Hours				
Outline	Co-ordina Werner'st Applicatio Biological Applicatio Water Teo water usin BOD, CO	heory - EA ons to [Nith role of Hae ons in qualitat chnology: Ha ng EDTA m	ry: De N ru (CO)4] moglo tive an ardness	efinition of le - Paul , [Ni(CN bbin and C d quantitat s of water	<sup>*</sup> term ling's )4] <sup>2-</sup> ,  hlorc ive a , dete	ns-IUPAC N theory – Co(CN)6] <sup>3-</sup> ophyll (elem nalysis. ermination of	Nomenclature - Postulates - Chelation - nentary idea) – of hardness of on techniques-				
	UNIT II				_		15 Hours				
	Carbohyd fructose glucose a starch an Amino a preparati	and sucrose and fructose. d cellulose.	ification Disc Glucos fication ides us	on, prepara ussion of se –fructos n - prepar sing Bergr	open e inte ation	chain ring erconversion and prope	ies of glucose, g structures of h. Properties of rties of alanine, NA and				

	UNIT III 15 Hours
	<b>Electrochemistry</b> Galvanic cells - Standard hydrogen electrode - calomel electrode - standard electrode potentials -electrochemical series. Strong and weak electrolytes - ionic product of water -pH, pKa, pKb. Conductometric titrations - pH determination by colorimetric method – buffer solutions and its biological applications - electroplating - Nickel and chrome plating – Types of cells -fuel cells-corrosion and its prevention.
	UNIT IV15 HoursKinetics and CatalysisOrder and molecularity. Integrated rate expression for I and II (2A→Products) order reactions. Pseudo first order reaction, methods of determining order of a reaction – Half-life period – Catalysis - homogeneous and heterogeneous, catalyst used in Contact and Haber's processes. Concept of energy of activation and Arrhenius equation.
	UNIT V15 HoursPhotochemistry Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence, Quantum yield - Hydrogen-chloride reaction. Phosphorescence, fluorescence, chemiluminescence and photosensitization and photosynthesis (definition with examples).
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/ JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended	1. Veeraiyan V., Textbook of Ancillary Chemistry;
Text	Highmount Publishing House, Chennai, 1 <sup>st</sup> Ed.,2009.
	2. Vaithyanathan S., Text Book of Ancillary
	Chemistry; Priya Publications, Karur, 2006.
	3. Arun Bahl, Bahl B.S., Advanced Organic Chemistry;
	S.Chandand Company, New Delhi, 23rd Ed., 2012.
	4. Puri R., Sharma L. R., Pathania M. S., <i>Text Book Physical</i>
	<i>Chemistry</i> ; Vishal Publishing Co., New Delhi, 47 <sup>th</sup> Ed., 2018.
Reference	1. Soni P.L., Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic
Books	<i>Chemistry</i> , Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi, 20 <sup>th</sup> Ed, 2007.
	2. Sharma B.K., Industrial Chemistry, Meerut, 16th Ed, 2014.
	3. Soni P.L., Chawla H.M., Text Book of Organic Chemistry,
	Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi, 29th Ed., 2007.
	g Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) On completion of students should be able to
	te the IUPAC name for complex, different theories to explain the onding in coordination compounds and water technology
<b>CO 2:</b> exp	lain the preparation and property of carbohydrate, amino acids and icleic acids.
CO 3: app cell	ly the electrochemistry principles in corrosion, electroplating and fuel ls.
	ntify the reaction rate, order for chemical reactions and explain the pose of a catalyst.
1	line the various types of photochemical process.
	Board of Studies Date: 02.11.2023

Title of the Course	CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL-II (Physics/ Home Science)								
Course No.	Elective-II (GE)								
Category		Year	Ι						
	Generic Elective	Seme ster	Π	Credits	2	Course Code	23UPHGECQ2		
Instructional hours per week	Lecture	Tuto rial	La	ab Practice	e		Total		
<b>D</b>	-	-		2			2		
Prerequisites	This course a	• .	• 1	1 1 1					
Objectives of the course	<ul> <li>ider</li> <li>diff</li> <li>thei</li> <li>dete</li> </ul>	TIC ANA s must be must be Function TIC ANA s must be Function aroma aldehing Detection To dia aroma	of org s of or es. n of ele ALYS carried onal g atic pri yde an ction of stingui	anic functi ganic comp ements in o <b>IS OF OR</b> d out as foll roup tests [ mary amin d glucose]. f elements ( sh between mpounds. ish – Satura	onal oour rgan GAI lows pher e, a (N, s alip	nds with resp nic compound NIC COMP s: nol, acids (m mides (mono S, Halogens)	ds. OUNDS ono & di) o & di),		
Reference Books						ivelu A R, <i>Ba</i> s, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 199	asic Principles of 97.		
Course Learning O completion of the c		`			SO	s) On			
<b>CO1:</b> observe the p	ohysical state,	odour, co	olour a	nd solubilit	y of	f the given or	ganic compound.		
<b>CO2:</b> identify the p compound pe	presence of sportsportsportsportsportsportsportsport				nal g	group in an u	nknown organic		

**CO3:** analyze the given organic compound and explain the reactions behind it.

Course		Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHSEC	22	NME: HOME ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION	Skill Enhancement Course		1	1	2	2	70
		ve: The students will get known g techniques with safety pred				rum	ents,	installa	tion
UNITS		CO	URSE DETAIL	S					
UNIT-I	Cur Ele Am Ac 1. ( 2. (	APLE ELECTRICAL CIR rent, Volt, Resistance - Ohr ctrical Charge -Electrical En meter, Voltmeter and Multi tivity Construction of Simple cir Continuity checking of elec Hands on training	n's Law - Capacit nergy-Electric Pot meter- difference <b>cuits</b>	anc enti bet	e -In ial-F wee	nduc <sup>7</sup> ami n DC	tanco liariz C and	e - zing I AC	
UNIT-II	elec tran	ANSMISSION OF ELEC ctricity – concept of power g isformers-transmission losse Wires- – characteristics of	grid – roles of step es (qualitative) – -	o-up - Se	and lecti	l stej ing (	p-do	wn	
	EL	ECTRICAL WIRING CO	MPONENTS AN	ND	AC	CES	SOR	RIES:	
UNIT-III	Hol casi	ring materials-Wiring Acces ders-(c) Ceiling rose-(d) Sc ing-capping wiring-Conduit ring Accessories on Board.	cket outlet/plug-(	(e) I	Mair	1 SW	itch-	(f) PVC	2
	Act	ivity							
	Bas	sic electrical wiring using <b>v</b>	veb resources						
UNIT-IV	elec pov calc	WER RATING AND PO ctrical energy in to different ver rating of electrical applia culation of EB bill –single ar e electrical energy –	forms – work don ances –electrical e	e by	y ele gy ι	ectrio unit i	cal er in kV	nergy – Vh –	

—

	Activity 1. Power rating of home appliances 2. Calculation of EB Bill of their Houses
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>SAFETY MEASURES: Insulation for wires – colour specification for mains, return and earth – Understanding of fuse and circuit breakers – purpose of earth line – lighting arrestors – short circuiting and over loading – electrical safety – tips to avoid electrical shock – first aid for electrical shock.</li> <li>Activity</li> <li>1. Replacing fuse wire</li> <li>2. Protection of House from an electrical shock -Earthing</li> </ul>
TEXT BOO KS	<ol> <li>Wiring a House: 5th Edition by Rex Cauldwell, (2014).</li> <li>Black &amp; Decker Advanced Home Wiring, 5th Edition: Backup Power - Panel Upgrades - AFCI Protection - "Smart" Thermostats, by Editors of Cool Springs Press, (2018).</li> <li>Complete Beginners Guide to Rough in Electrical Wiring: by Kevin Ryan (2022).</li> </ol>
	Board of Studies Date: 02.11.2023

SEMESTER: II							
COURS Code	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours
23UPHSEC3	IKS: Inherited Indian Knowledge In Astronomy	Skill Enhancement Course	2	-	-	2	2

**Learning Objective:** To help students to trace, identify and acquire the significant Indian astronomical knowledge.

UNITS	COURSE DETAILS			
UNIT-I	Science of AstronomyHistory of Indian Astronomy – Vedic Period and Vedāngajyotisa - Siddhanta – Aryabhata - Jyotiḥśāstra – three shandhas of Ganita (Astronomy), Horā (Horoscopic Astrology and Saṃhitā (Omens and Natural Phenomena) - Some of the prominent astronomers and their important contributions – Continuity in Astronomical tradition			
UNIT-II	Celestial SphereDiurnal motion of celestial bodies – Motion of celestial bodies relative to stars –Celestial horizon, meridian – Pole star and directions – Zodiac and Constellations –Equator and poles – Latitude at a place and Altitude of poleStar – Ecliptic andEquinoxes – Causes of Lunar and Solar EclipsesCo-ordinate SystemsCelestial Longitude and Latitude – (Ecliptic System) – Right Ascension anddeclination (Equatorial System) - Azimuth and Altitude (Horizontal System)– hour Angle and declination (Meridian System) – Phenomenon of Precession ofEquinoxes – Tropical (Sāyana) and Sideral (Nirayana) Longitudes			
UNIT-III	Time in Indian AstronomyIntroduction – Civil Day and sidereal day – Solar Year and Civil Calendar –SolarMonth and Lunar Month – Luni – Solar Year (Lunar Year) – Adhikamāsa andKsayamāsa – Yuga system – Indian Eras – Time on Microcosmic Scale.			
UNIT-IV	Calendar and Indian Pañcāṅga         Introduction – Gregorian Calendar – Hindu Calendar – Islamic calendar – Indian         Calendar and Pañcāṅga – Thithi – Naksatra – Yoga – Karana – VāraRāśi and Nakṣatra         Systems         Zodiac and Rāśis – Naksatra System			
UNIT-V	Tripraśna – Direction, place and TimeIntroduction – Determination of the North-South Line – Finding Latitude and Co– latitude of a place – Rising and setting points of the sun (Variationand declination)– Times of Sunrise and Sunset – Rising of Signs and Zodiac– intervals of rising of Sāyana Rāśis (or Signs) – Determination of Lagnaat a given time and place.			

	1. S. N. Sen and K. S. Shukla, History of Astronomy in India, 2nd Ed., INSA,		
	Delhi, 2001.		
	2. S. Balachandra Rao, Indian Astronomy An Introduction, UniversitiesPress,		
	Hyderabad, 2000		
TEXT	3. History of Astronomy: A Handbook, Edited by K. Ramasubramanian, Aniket		
BOOKS	Sule and Mayank Vahia, SandHI, IIT Bombay, and T.I.F.R. Mumbai, 2016.		
	4. B.V. Subbarayappa and K.V. Sarma, Indian Astronomy: A Source Book, Nehru		
	Centre, Bombay, 1985		
Board of Studies Date: 02.11.2023			

SEMESTER: III								
Course Code	Course Title	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
<b>23UPHCC3</b>	GENERAL MECHANICS AND CLASSICAL MECHANICS	Core Course - V	4	1	-	5	6	70
COURSE OBJECTIVE	<ul><li>of mechanics; To apply the conc</li><li>forces of physics in everydaylife</li></ul>	This course allows the students: To have a basic understanding of the laws and principles of mechanics; To apply the concepts of forces existing in the system; To understand the forces of physics in everydaylife; To visualize conservation laws; To apply Lagrangian equation to solve complex problems.						
UNIT-I	in a Uniform Gravitational Field Classical Theory of Gravitation Determination of G by Boy's M Satellites – Parking Orbit – Earth Velocity of Escape – Satellite Gravitation – Introduction –Prin	Newton's Laws– Forces – Equations of Motion – Frictional Force – Motion of a particle in a Uniform Gravitational Field – Types of Everyday Forces in Physics. <b>Gravitation:</b> Classical Theory of Gravitation–Kepler's Laws, Newton's Law of Gravitation – Determination of G by Boy's Method – Earth- Moon System – Weightlessness – Earth Satellites – Parking Orbit – Earth Density – Mass of The Sun – Gravitational Potential – Velocity of Escape – Satellite Potential and Kinetic Energy – Einstein's Theory of Gravitation – Introduction –Principle of Equivalence – Experimental Tests of General Theory of Relativity – Gravitational Red Shift – Bending of Light – Perihelion of						
UNIT-II	Conservation of Linear and A Conservation – Center of Mass Different Masses – System with Momentum – Torque due to Inte	CONSERVATION LAWS OF LINEAR AND ANGULAR MOMENTUM: Conservation of Linear and Angular Momentum – Internal Forces and momentum Conservation – Center of Mass – Examples – General Elastic Collision of Particles of Different Masses – System with Variable Mass – Examples – Conservation of Angular Momentum – Torque due to Internal Forces – Torque due to Gravity – Angular Momentum about Center of Mass – Proton Scattering by Heavy Nucleus.						
UNIT-III	CONSERVATION LAWS OF ENERGY: Introduction – Significance of Conservation Laws – Law of Conservation of Energy concepts of Work- Power – Energy – Conservative Forces – Potential Energy and Conservation of Energy in gravitational and Electric Field – Examples –Non- Conservative Forces – General Law of Conservation of Energy.							
UNIT-IV	RIGID BODY DYNAMICS:         Translational and Rotational Motion – Angular Momentum – Moment of Inertia – General         Theorems of Moment of Inertia – Examples – Rotation About Fixed Axis – Kinetic Energy         of Rotation – Examples – Body Rolling along a Plane Surface – Body Rolling Down an         Inclined Plane – Gyroscopic Precision – Gyrostatic Applications.							
UNIT-V	LAGRANGIAN MECHANICS: Generalized Coordinates –Degrees of Freedom – Constraints - Principle of Virtual Work and D" Alembert's Principle –Lagrange's Equation from D" Alembert's Principle – Application –Simple Pendulum – Atwood's Machine.							

TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>J. C. Upadhyaya, 2019, Classical Mechanics, Himalaya Publishing house, Mumbai.</li> <li>P. Durai Pandian, Laxmi Durai Pandian, Muthamizh Jayapragasam, 2005, Mechanics, 6threvised edition, S. Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>D. S. Mathur &amp; P. S. Hemne,2000, Mechanics, Revised Edition, S.Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>Narayanamurthi, M.&amp;Nagarathnam. N, 1998, Dynamics. The National Publishing, Chennai.</li> <li>Narayanamurthi, M. and Nagarathnam, N, 1982, Statics, Hydrostatics and</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>Publishing, Chennai.</li> <li>5. Narayanamurthi, M. and Nagarathnam, N, 1982, Statics, Hydrostatics and Hydrodynamics, The National Publishers, Chennai.</li> </ul>

REFERENCE	1. Goldstein Herbert, 1980, Classical Mechanics. U.S.A: Addison and Wesely.				
BOOKS	2. Halliday, David & Robert, Resnick, 1995, Physics Vol.I. New Age, International,				
	Chennai.				
	<ol> <li>Halliday, David Robert Resnick and Walker Jearl, 2001, Fundamentals of Physics, John Wiley, New Delhi</li> </ol>				
	1. <u>https://youtu.be/X4_K-XLUIB4</u>				
WEBLINKS	2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115103115</u>				
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p075LPq3Eas				
	4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mH_pS6fruyg</u>				
	5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me96/preview</u>				
	6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tdkFc88Fw-M</u>				
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me70/preview				
	Board of Studies Date: 23.04.2024				

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

# On completion of the course the students should be able to

CO1	Understand the Newton's Law of motion, understand general theory of relativity, Kepler's laws and realize the basic principles behind planetary motion
CO2	Acquire the knowledge on the conservation laws
C03	Apply conservation law and calculate energy of various systems, understand and differentiate conservative and non-conservative forces
CO4	Gain knowledge on rigid body dynamics and solve problems based on this concept
CO5	Appreciate Lagrangian system of mechanics, applyD" Alemberts principle.

\_

### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	<b>PO10</b>
CO1	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	М
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	Μ	S
CO4	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	S	S
CO5	S	S	М	S	S	М	S	S	S	Μ

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

SEMESTER – III									
Course Code	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks	
23UPHCCQ3	LIGHT, ELECTRICITY MAGNETISM AND ELECTRONICS – PRACTICAL	Core Course - VI	-	-	3	3	3	60	

COURSE OBJECTIVESThe aim of this course is to build an understanding about various components of a electrical circuit and to develop skill to measure the related physical quantities. So up experiments, observe, analyse and assimilate the concept								
(Any EIGHT Experiments)								
<ol> <li>Air Wedge</li> <li>Calibration</li> <li>Transistor</li> <li>Transistor</li> <li>Regulated</li> <li>Study of L</li> <li>Determina</li> <li>Determina</li> <li>Determina</li> <li>Determina</li> <li>Determina</li> <li>Determina</li> </ol>	ter – Refractive index – Hollow Prism. e – Thickness of a Wire n of ammeter using potentiometer. Characteristics – Common Emitter configuration. power supply using IC – 7805 (5 Volts). .ogic Gates – NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR, XNOR tion of resistance and specific resistance using Carey Foster"s bridge. tion of figure of merit of BG or spot galvanometer. tion of earth's magnetic field using field along axis of current carrying coil. power of prism. tion of capacitance using Desauty's bridge and B.G./Spot galvanometer. on of newtons formula for a lens separated by distance.							
BOOKS FOR STUDY1. Practical Physics and Electronics - C.C. Ouseph, U. J. Rao, Vijeyendran, SV Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (2007).2. A Text Book of Practical Physics - M.N. Srinivasan and others, Sult Chand and Sons (2014).								
<b>REFERENCE</b> 1. B.Sc Practical Physics - C. L Arora, S. Chand (1995). <b>BOOKS</b>								

### **Board of Studies Date: 23.04.2024**

Course O	Course Outcomes:					
At the end	At the end of the course the student should be able to:					
CO1	Apply knowledge of electricity and magnetism to explain natural physical processes and related technological advances.					
CO2	Develop skills in using laboratory equipment. Acquire knowledge about combinational logic circuits.					
CO3	Apply theoretical knowledge to analyze experimental data and draw conclusions.					
CO4	Gain proficiency in performing measurements of electric and magnetic fields.					
CO5	Enhance critical thinking skills by designing and conducting experiments to investigate specific phenomena in light, electricity and magnetism.					

#### MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	<b>PO10</b>
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2

Title of the Course		THEORY	OF EQ	QUAT	IONS A	ND D	DIFFE	RENTIA	L CALCULUS	
Course No	).	Elective								
Category ELECTIVE COURSE		Year		II	Cred	Credits		Course	23UPHGEC3	
	COURSE	Semester		III	1			Code		
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tuto	rial		Lab	Pract	ice	Total	
		5		-		-			5	
Pre-requisite		12 <sup>th</sup> Standa	ard Matl	hematio	cs				1	

Objectives of the Course	<ol> <li>To acquire knowledge in a theory of equations, Differential calculus, and Differential equations.</li> <li>To understand the method of solving algebraic equations using the transformation of equations.</li> <li>To promote problem-solving ability in differential equations.</li> </ol>

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to

**CO1:** Learn the concepts of matrices, theory of equations, differential calculus, ordinary and partial differential equations

**CO2:** Analyze various methods to find roots of polynomial equations and inspect Horner's method and Newton's method to find approximate real roots

- **CO3:** Understand the concept of the angle between the radius vector and the tangent, radius of curvature, pedal equation, and Descartes rule of signs and solve related problems
- **CO4:** Solve specific types of ordinary and partial differential equations.

**CO5:** Analyze the method of Variation of parameters to solve ordinary differential equations, Lagrange's method to solve partial differential equations

<b>Course Outline</b>	Unit – I
	Theory of Equations 15 Hours
	Relation between the roots and coefficients of an equation,
	Imaginary and irrational roots, Symmetric functions of the roots of an
	equation in terms of its coefficients (up to cubic equations), and Reciprocal
	equation.
	Chapter 6 (Page No: 6.2 - 6.37)

Unit – II	
Theory of Equations	15 Hours
Transformation of equation (Definition o	nly), Multiplication of
roots by m (Definition only), Diminishing the	roots of an equation,
Removal of a term, Descartes' rule of sign, Desca	artes's rule of signs for
negative roots of an equation, Horner's method	, Newton's method of
evaluating a real root correct to given decimal pla	ces.
Chapter 6 (PageNo: 6.38 - 6.67)	
Unit - III	
Differential Calculus	15 Hours
The angle between the radius vector and the	
6	0 0
intersection of two curves, the Length of a perpe	1
to the Tangent, Pedal equation, The Cartesian for	
curvature, and the Parametric formula for the radi	
Chapter 10 & 11(Page No.: 10.1 - 10.23, 11.1 - 1	1.2)

	Unit – IV Ordinary Differential Equations15 HoursSecond order differential equations with constant coefficients, finding particular integral for the function $f(x)e^a$ , $\cos ax$ , $\sin ax$ , $\sinh ax$ , $\cosh ax$ , $x^m$ , $e^{ax}v$ where $v$ is any function of $x$ , Linear homogeneous equation and Variation of parameter.Chapter 23 & 24 (Page No: 23.1 - 23.32, 24.1 - 24.23)
Skills	Unit – V Partial Differential Equations15 HoursElimination of arbitrary constants, Elimination of arbitrary functions, Definitions - complete solution, singular solutions, General solutions, Standard types, Lagrange's linear partial differential equations (Charpit's method to be excluded).Chapter 26 (Page No: 26.1 - 26.40, 26.44 - 26.58)
acquired from the course	Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferrable Skill
Recommended Text	P.R. Vittal - Allied Mathematics, Margham Publications, Chennai-17
Reference Books	T.K. Manicavachagam Pillai, Natarajan & K.S. Ganapathy - Algebra Volume-I, Viswanathan Publishers, Pvt. Ltd, 2004.
Web Resources	1. http://www.universityofcalicut.info/SDE/VI%20Sem.%20B.Sc%2 0Maths%20%20Additional%20Course%20in%20lie%20of%20Pro ject%20- Theory%20of%20equations%20&%20fuzzy%20set.pdf. 2. https://sol.du.ac.in/pluginfile.php/4111/mod_resource/content/1/B.A. %20st%20m%204_1-7pdf

SEMESTER – II	I								
Course Code	•	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hour	Marks	
23UPHSEC4		Digital Photography (Entrepreneurial Skill)	Skill Enhancement Course	1	-	-	1	1	70
science and arts	behind i	understand the principles it. To understand the essen- erent image processing tech	ntial components						
UNITS		COU	<b>JRSE DETAILS</b>						
UNIT-I	<b>DIGITAL CAMERAS PRINCIPLE</b> Principle of Digital Image Capturing –Comparison of Digital and Analog Picture Information – Megapixel – Grain, Noise and Pixel Density – Optical and Digital Zooming – Image Stabilizer – Bit Depth- White Balance								
UNIT-II	Colour Storag	DIGITAL CAMERAS AND TYPES: Colour Modes – File Formats (TIFF, RAW &JPEG) Storage Cards and Types – Digital Cameras: Camera Phones –Compact Camera – Hybrid Camera – Digital SLR							
UNIT-III	THE DIGITAL IMAGE – PRODUCTION:Hardware: Computer and its Peripherals – Software: Saving Digital File – BasicEditing: Navigating the Image – Undo/Redo/History – Crop – Rotate –Brightness &Contrast – Colour Balance – Hue/Saturation – Dodge/Burn –Cloning & Retouching – Removing An Element In An Image – AdvancedEditing: Histogram/Levels – CurvesActivity: Hands on Training in Photo Editing								
UNIT-IV	Selecti Printer	THE DIGITAL IMAGE-SELECTION TOOLS Selection Tools: Magic Wand – Printing Digital Images: Inkjet Printer – Laser Printer – Dye Sub Printer – Lambda/Light Jet Printers Activity: To edit an image using any one editing tool						ser	
UNIT-V	THE DIGITAL IMAGE – POSTPRODUCTION Editing: Histogram/Levels – Curves Selection Tools: Magic Wand – Printing Digital Images: Inkjet Printer – Laser Printer – Dye Sub Printer – Lambda/Light Jet Printers								

TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>Michel J. Langford, Anna Fox &amp; Richard Sawdon Smith, Basic photography, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, , 2010-NL, Focal press, London</li> <li>Henry Carroll, Read this if you want to take great photographs of people, Laurence King Publishing</li> </ol>					
REFEREN CE BOOKS	3.Mark Galer, Digital Photography in Available Light Paul Harcourt Davies, The Photographe's practical handbook,2005, UKPRESS					
Board of Studies Date: 23.04.2024						

SEMESTER: II	I										
Course Code	Course TitleCategoryLTPCreditsInst. Hours							Marks			
23UPHSEC5	Computational methods and Programming in C	Skill Enhancement Course	1	1	-	2	2	70			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	and a few numeri	This course will provide the necessary basic concepts of errors in computing and a few numerical methods for finding zeros of non- linear functions. Further, will provide the basics of the C programming language.									
UNITS		COL	JRS	E D	ET.	AILS					
UNIT-I	Significant digits – Absolute and R	<b>ERRORS IN COMPUTING:</b> Significant digits – Inherent Errors – Numerical Errors – Modelling Errors – Absolute and Relative Errors – Error Propagation – Conditioning and stability – Convergence of iterative process.									
UNIT-II	<b>ROOTS OF EQUATIONS:</b> Algebraic, Polynomial, Transcendental equations – Methods of the solution – Iterative methods – Starting and stopping iterative process – Evaluation of polynomials – Bisection method – False Position method-Related problems.										
UNIT-III	C-FUNDAMENTALS: Character set – Keywords - data types – variable types - constants – identifiers – keywords – operators and expressions – Input and Output functions.										
UNIT-IV	CONTROL STA	ATEMENTS									
	(Syntax and examples for each) If – else, Nested if-else, Switch – Case,Break, While Loop, for loop, Do-While statement, go to.										
UNIT-V	<b>FUNCTIONS AND ARRAYS</b> Declaration and definition of a function– accessing a function – passing parameters to a function Defining an array – processing an array – single dimensional array – multidimensional array - simple programs (Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication of two matrices - Ascending and Descending order).										
TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>E. Balagurusamy, Numerical Methods, McGraw Hill Publishers, 2017.</li> <li>S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall of</li> </ol>										
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol> <li>S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall of India, 2012</li> <li>E. Balagurusamy, Programming in ANSIC, McGraw Hill Publishers, 2019, 8<sup>th</sup>Edn.</li> <li>B. Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw Hill Publishers, 1996.</li> </ol>										

<ol> <li><u>https://beginnersbook.com/2014/01/c-tutorial-for- beginners-with-examples/</u></li> <li><u>https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_cs02/preview</u></li> </ol>
Board of Studies Date: 23.04.2024

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHCC4	OPTICS AND SPECTROSCOPY	Core Course – VII	4	1	-	5	5	70

COURSE OBJECTIVES	To provide an in-depth understanding of the basics of various phenomena in geometrical and wave optics; To explain the behavior of light in different mediums; To understand the differences in the important phenomena namely interference, diffraction and Polarization and apply the knowledge in day to day life; To understand the design of optical systems and methods to minims aberrations; To solve problems in optics by selecting the appropriate equations and performing numerical or analytical calculations.
UNITS	COURSE DETAILS
UNIT-I	<ul> <li>LENS AND PRISMS:</li> <li>Fermat"s Principle Of Least Time – Postulates of Geometrical Optics – Thick and Thin Lenses – Focal Length, Critical Thickness, Power and Cardinal Points of a Thick Lens – Narrow Angled Prisms.</li> <li>Lens: Lens Makers Formula (No Derivation) – Aberrations: Spherical Aberration, Chromatic Aberrations, Coma, and Astigmatism– Curvature of the Field – Distortion – Chromatic Aberrations Methods.</li> <li>Prism: Dispersion, Deviation, Aberrations - Applications Rainbows and Halos, Constant Deviation Spectroscope.</li> <li>Eyepieces: Advantage of an Eyepiece over a Simple Lens – Huygen's and Ramsden's Eyepieces, Construction and Working –Merits and Demerits of the Eyepiece.</li> <li>Resolving power: Rayleigh's Criterion for Resolution – Limit of Resolution for the Eye – Resolving Power of, (I) Prism (II) Grating (III) Telescope</li> </ul>
UNIT-II	<ul> <li>INTERFERENCE:</li> <li>Division of Wave Front, Fresnel's Biprism – Fringes with White Light – Division of Amplitude: Interference in Thin Films due to, (i) Reflected Light, (ii) Transmitted Light – Colours of Thin Films Applications – Air Wedge – Newton's Rings.</li> <li>Interferometers : Michelson's Interferometer – Applications, (i) Determination of the Wavelength of a Monochromatic Source of Light, (ii) Determination of the Wavelength and Separation D1 And D2Lines of Sodium Light, (iii) Determination of a Thickness of a Mica Sheet.</li> </ul>
UNIT-III	<b>DIFFRACTION:</b> Fresnel"s assumptions – zone plate – action of zone plate for an incident spherical wave front – differences between a zone plate and a convex lens – Fresnel type of diffraction – diffraction pattern due to a straight edge – positions of maximum and minimum intensities – diffraction due to a narrow slit – Fraunhofer type of diffraction – Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit – plane diffraction grating– experiment to determine wavelengths – width of principal maxima.

UNIT-IV	<b>POLARISATION:</b> Optical Activity – Optically Active Crystals –Polarizer and Analyser– Double Refraction – Optic Axis, Principal Plane – Huygens <sup>"</sup> s Explanation of Double Refraction in Uniaxial Crystals – Polaroids and Applications – Circularly and Elliptically Polarized Light –Quarter Wave Plate – Half Wave Plate – Production and Detection of Circularly and Elliptically Polarized Lights – Fresnel <sup>"</sup> s Explanation
	- Specific Rotation - Laurent Half Shade Polarimeter - Experiment to Determine Specific Rotatory Power.
UNIT-V	SPECTROSCOPY: Infra-Red Spectroscopy Near Infra-Red and Far Infra-Red – Properties – Origin of IR spectra – IR Spectrophotometer – Applications Interpretation of IR Spectra – CH, CO, CN Bending and Stretching Vibrational Modes Only – Scattering of Light – Raman Effect –Classical Theory –Quantum Theory –Mutual Exclusion Principle – Raman Spectrometer- Characteristics of Raman Lines –Applications – Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy –Properties – Spectrophotometer.
	<ol> <li>Subramaniam. N &amp; Brijlal, 2014, Optics, 25<sup>th</sup> edition, S.Chand &amp; Co.</li> <li>S.L. Gupta, V. Kumar &amp; R.C.Sharma, 1997, Elements of Spectroscopy, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.</li> </ol>
TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>G.Aruldhass, 2000, Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy, II edition PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>P.R. Sasikumar, 2012, Photonics, PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>K. Rajagopal, 2008, Engineering Physics, PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>V. Rajendran, 2012, Engineering Physics, Tata McGraw Hill.</li> </ol>
REFERENCE BOOKS	<ol> <li>Agarwal B.S, 2011, Optics, Kedernath Ramnath Publishers, Meerut.</li> <li>Sathyaprakash, 1990, Optics, VII edition, Ratan Prakashan Mandhir, New Delhi.</li> <li>C.N.Banewell, 2006, Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, IV edition, TMH Publishing Co, New Delhi.</li> <li>AjoyGhatak, 2009, Optics, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>Singh &amp; Agarwal,2002,Optics and Atomic Physics, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Pragati Prakashan Meerut.</li> <li>D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J. Walker, 2001, Fundamentals of Physics,6<sup>th</sup> edition, Willey, New York.</li> <li>Jenkins A.Francis &amp; White, 2011, Fundamentals of Optics, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Inc., NewDelhi.</li> </ol>
WEBLINKS	<ol> <li>https://science.nasa.gov/ems/</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tL3rNc1G0qQ&amp;list=RDCMUC z wo7UlGkb-8Pr6svxWo-LA&amp;start_radio=1&amp;t=2472</li> <li>https://science.nasa.gov/ems/</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tL3rNc1G0qQ&amp;list=RDCMUC z wo7UlGkb-8Pr6svxWo-LA&amp;start_radio=1&amp;t=2472</li> <li>https://imagine.gsfc.nasa.gov/educators/gammaraybursts/imagine/in d ex.html</li> <li>http://www.thephysicsmill.com/2014/03/23/sky-blue-lord-rayleigh- sir-raman- scattering/</li> <li>http://www.thephysicsmill.com/2014/03/23/sky-blue-lord-rayleigh- sir-raman- scattering/</li> </ol>

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

C01	Outline basic knowledge of methods of rectifying different defects in lenses, articulate technological applications of eyepieces
CO2	Discuss the principle of superposition of wave, use these ideas to understand the wave nature of light through working of interferometer
CO3	Extend the knowledge about nature of light through diffraction techniques; apply mathematical principles to analyse the optical instruments
CO4	Interpret basic formulation of polarization and gain knowledge about polarimeter, appraise its usage in industries
CO5	Relate the principles of optics to various fields of IR, Raman and UV spectroscopy and understand their instrumentation and application in industries

## MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes(**CO**)for each course with program outcomes(**PO**) in the3- point scale of STRONG(**S**), MEDIUM(**M**) and LOW(**L**).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	М	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO2	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	М	S	S
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	М	М
CO4	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	S	М
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	S	S

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHCCQ4	Optics and Electronics - Practical	Core Course - VIII	-	-	3	3	3	60
COURSE OBJECTIVES	Demonstrate various optical phenomena principles, working, apply with various materials and interpret the results.							
(ANY FIGHT EXPERIMENTS)								

### (ANY EIGHT EXPERIMENTS)

- 1. Determination of radius of curvature of lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 2. Spectrometer i d Curve.
- 3. Determination of Plane Transmission Grating Minimum Deviation.
- 4. Determination of refractive index of a given liquid by forming liquid lens
- 5. Determination of refractive index using Laser.
- 6. Determination of resolving power of Diffraction grating using Laser
- 7. Bridge Rectifier using diodes.
- 8. Clipping and Clamping Circuits (Diode).
- 9. IC regulated power supply (7805).
- 10. SCR Characteristics
- 12. FET characteristics
- 13. OP-Amp Inverting and non-inverting Amplifier.

Title of the Course		INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORM ( for II B.Sc., PHYSICS)							
Paper Number		EC II (GENERIC)							
Category	ELECTIVE	Year	Ι	Credits		3	Course Code		23UPHGEC4
		Semester	IV						
Instructional Hours per week		Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Practice			Total	
		3	-		-			3	
Pre- requisite		12 <sup>th</sup> Standard Mathematics							

**Objectives of** 1. To acquire the knowledge in integral calculus, Fourier series and Laplace transform the Course 2. To understand the method of doing problems using the above concepts. 3. To analysis the different methods of solving differential equations using the Laplace transform **Course Outcomes:** Students will be able to **CO1:** learn the notions of multiple integrals and Laplace transforms **CO2:** Understand the change of order of integration, Fourier coefficients, odd and even functions and solved related problems. **CO3:** analyse the properties of integration to evaluate double and triple integrals and Fourier series. **CO4:** interpret the properties of Laplace transform, inverse Laplace transform and solve the related problems. ACO CO5: apply Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform to solve the differential equations **Course Outline** Unit – I (Hours : 9) **Integral Calculus** Multiple Integrals Evaluation of double integrals, Double integral in polar co- ordinates. Chapter 20 ( sections 20.1-20.17) Unit – II (Hours : 9) Triple integrals, Change of order of integration. applications of double and triple integrals to area volume and centroid. Chapter 20( sections 20.18 - 20.44) Unit – III (Hours : 9) **Fourier Series** Definition, Finding Fourier series for a given periodic function with period  $2\pi$ , Fourier series for odd and even functions. Chapter 21 (sections 21.1-21.40) Unit – IV(Hours : 9) Laplace Transform Definition, Laplace transform of elementary functions, Linearity property, Shifting property, Change of Scale property, Laplace transform of derivatives.

Chapter 27 (sections 27.1-27.20)

### Unit – V(Hours : 9) Inverse Laplace transform, Solving differential equations using Laplace transform. (Simultaneous equations are to be excluded). Chapter 27 (sections 27.23-27.57) (Section 5: Examples1-10 only, Exercise 4:1-26 only)

Skills acquired from the course	Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferrable Skill
Recommended Text	P.R.Vittal, Allied Mathematics, Margham Publications, Chennai-1
Reference Books	S. Narayanan and T. K. Manicavachagam Pillay, Calculus-Volume III, S. Viswanathan (Printers and Publishers), Pvt., Ltd, 2011.
Web resources	https://nptel.ac.in

Title of	THEORY OF EQUATIONS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORM USING SAGE MATH- PRACTICAL							
the	(for II B.Sc., PHYSICS)							
Course								
Paper	EC – PRACTICAL							
Number	ELECTIVE	¥7	T	C 1.4-		2	C	221101114
Categor y	ELECTIVE	Year	Ι	Credits		2	Course Code	
J		<b>a</b> ,	<b></b>				coue	GECQ
Instructional Hours per week		Semester	IV					
		Lecture	Tutorial		Lab Practice			Total
		-	-		2			2
Pre-requisite								
	wledge in data and repre	esentations						
•	s of the Course							
	objectives of this course							
	k with interpolation and			U	0 0			
2. To utili	2. To utilize Sage Math to perform symbolic and numerical integration. and Laplace Transforms							
<ul> <li>Course Outcomes: Students will be able to</li> <li>CO1: learn the notions of approximation of solutions, Laplace transforms, inverse Laplace transform and basic operations, commands within SageMath</li> <li>CO2: understand the fundamental principles of ordinary differential equations and numerical integrations using SageMath to solve them accurately</li> <li>CO3: apply the Laplace, Inverse Laplace Transforms to solve linear differential equations in SageMath.</li> <li>CO4: analyze the application of SageMath in solving differential equations in simplifying and solving complex problems.</li> <li>CO5: evaluate multiple integrals, and non-linear equations with accuracy using SageMath while demonstrating critical thinking skills</li> </ul>								
Course Outline								
Unit I: Theory of Equations								
Problems on Finding the roots of the equations using the SageMath. (Page No: 139-140) Unit II: Non-Linear Equations Numerical Solution: Location of solutions of Algebraic equations and Iterative Approximation Methods using SageMath. (Page No: 263-278) Unit III: Multiple integral Available Integration Functions, Multiple Integrals using SageMath (Page No: 305-317)								
Unit IV: Laplace Equations								
Solving problems on Laplace transforms using SageMath (Page No: 225)								
Unit V: Inverse Laplace Transforms								
Solving problems on Inverse Laplace transformations using SageMath (Page No: 226)								

Skills acquired from the course Computational Mathematics with Sage Math

# Web Resources

https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/111/106/111106149/

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHSEC6	ELECTRONIC DEVICES	Skill Enhancement Course - VI	1	1	-	2	2	70

COURSEProviding an overview of the principles, operation and applications of special Introducing transistor and transistor biasing. Providing an overview of the principles operation and applications of special devices. Providing an overview of ampli oscillators and their applications in different electronic fields. To make studen acquire knowledge about Boolean algebra, logic circuits, designing counters a basic concepts of memory and programmable logic device.				
UNIT-ISPECIAL DIODES:UNIT-ISpectral response of human eye - Light Emitting Diode (LED)- advantages and its applications - photo transistor characteristics and applications - Tunnel diode an characteristics - Tunnel diode as an Oscillator.				
UNIT-II	SPECIAL TRANSISTORS:JFET construction - JFET characteristics – parameters - Common source JFETamplifier UJT construction - working – equivalent circuit - characteristics –Relaxation oscillator – SCR Construction – working – equivalent circuit - V-Icharacteristics and their application.			
UNIT-III         OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS:           Op-amp - characteristics – Inverting and non-inverting amplifier - CMRR – Frequeresponse-Slew rate-Differential Amplifier-Applications: Sign changer and scale changer – adder – subtractor – integrator – differentiator.				
UNIT-IV	AMPLIFIERS: Principle of Amplifier- Performance analysis of single-stage transistor amplifier-class A power amplifier- class B push pull power amplifier- characteristics of Amplifier- Appliciaton.			
UNIT-V	OSCILLATORS: Principles of Oscillators- Types of Oscillators-Colpitt's oscillator - Hartley oscillator. Principle of multivibrator - Astable – monostable – bistable multivibrator using transistors – Applications.			
TEXT BOOKS	<ol> <li>Metha V. K. Principles of Electronics, New Delhi, S. Chand &amp; Co. Ltd., 2003.</li> <li>Atul P. Godse, Deepali A. Godse, Electronic Circuits, Pune, Technical Publications, 2009.</li> <li>B. L. Theraja, Basic electronics, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2010.</li> <li>D Leach, Albert Malvino, Digital Principles and Applications, CMc-Graw Hill Inc., US (1994).</li> </ol>			

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23UPHSEC7	Communication Systems	Skill Enhancement Course - VII	2	-	-	2	2	70

COURSE OBJECTIVES	To enable the students to understand the different types of communications and make them appreciate the flavour of physics in communication
UNIT-I	RADIO TRANSMISSION AND RECEPTION: Introduction-types of modulation –comparison of FM and AM – demodulation – receivers: AM radio receivers – types of AM radio receivers – stages of superheterodyne radio receiver, advantages – disadvantages.
	FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATION:
UNIT-II	Introduction – Basic Principle of Fiber Optics – Advantages – Construction of Optical Fiber – Classification Based on The Refractive Index Profile – Classification Based On The Number of Modes of Propagation – Losses in Optical Fibers – Attenuation–Advantages of Fiber optic Communication
	RADAR COMMUNICATION:
UNIT-III	Introduction - Basic Radar System –Radar Range – Antenna Scanning –Pulsed Radar System – Search Radar –Tracking Radar – Moving Target Indicator Doppler Effect-MTI Principle – CW Doppler Radar
	SATELLITE COMMUNICATION:
UNIT-IV	Introduction –History of Satellites – Satellite Communication System – Satellite Orbits – Basic Components of Satellite Communication System – Commonly used Frequency In Satellite – Communication – Multiple Access Communication – Satellite Communication in India
	MOBILE COMMUNICATION:
UNIT-V	Introduction – Concept of Cell –Basic Cellular Mobile Radio System – Cell phone – Facsimile – Important Features of Fax Machine – Application of Facsimile – VSAT (Very Small Aperture Terminals) Modem IPTV (Internet Protocol Television) -Wi-Fi-4G- 5G (Basic Ideas)
	1. V.K.Metha, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand &CoLtd., 2013
TEXT BOOKS	2. Anokh Singh and Chopra A.K., Principles of communication Engineering, S.Chand& Co, 2013.
REFERENCE	1. J.S. Chitode, Digital Communications, 2020, Unicorn publications
BOOKS	2. Senior John. M, Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice, 2009, Pearson Education.